]HackingTeam[

RCS 9.4

The hacking suite for governmental interception

System Administrator's Guide



System Administrator's Guide - ver.1.7 SET-2014

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Contents

Glossary	x
Guide introduction	
New guide features	2
Supplied documentation	3
Print concepts for notes	
Print concepts for format	
Product and guide addressees	
Software author identification data	5
RCS (Remote Control System)	6
RCS system architecture	7
Introduction	7
Architecture layout	7
Architecture components	7
What you should know about RCS	
Operations	
Data flow and protection	
Data logging continuity	
Digital certificates	
Decoding data	
Several RCS system architecture	
Introduction	
One-many architecture layout	
Many-one architecture layout	11
Sender RCS systems	12
RCS receiver systems	
Received data structure	
RCS receiver system installation	
Installation introduction	14
Package content	15
Package content	15
Installation package content (CD or web)	15
USB key with user license	15
USB hardware keys	16
Minimum system requirements	16
Ports to be opened on the firewall	16
System administrator procedures	17
Introduction	

Procedures	
Install RCS and setup components	
Maintain and update the system	
Monitoring the system	
RCS installation	19
What you should know about RCS installation	
Login privileges	
Admin user and System administrator user	
RCS server installation	
Introduction	20
Installation requirements	21
Installation sequence	21
Master Node installation	
Collector installation	23
Checking service start	25
Checking installation logs	25
Check IP addresses	
Uninstall	
List of RCS services	26
Front end services	26
Backend services (Master Node)	
Backend services (Shard)	27
To learn more	27
RCS Console installation	27
Introduction	27
Requirements	27
Installation sequence	
Adobe AIR installation	
RCS Console installation	
RCS Console uninstall	
Creating the Administrator user	
OCR module installation	
Introduction	
Installation requirements	31
OCR module operation	31
Space occupied by tagged text in the database	31
OCR module work load	31
Symptoms of excessive load	31
OCR module installation	

Checking correct OCR module operations	
Uninstall	
Files installed at the end of installation	
	33
Additional component installation	
What you should know about Anonymizer	
Introduction	
Anonymizer status	
Communications between Anonymizer and Collector	36
Faulty Anonymizer	37
Anonymizer installation and settings	37
Installation requirement	
Installation	
Anonymizer data	
Boot check	39
IP address check	
Editing settings	
Uninstall	
What you should know about Network Injector Appliance	
Introduction	
Main functions	40
Network connections	40
Standard connection layout	
Connection layout as an intra-switch segment	41
Data sniffing via TAP, SPAN port	
Network Injector Appliance installation	
Introduction	
Package content	42
Installation sequence	42
Rear panel description	43
Network connections	43
Operating system installation and settings	
Changing the IP address	46
Uninstall	46
What you should know about Tactical Network Injector	47
Introduction	47
Main functions	47
Network connections	47
Standard connection layout	47

Access point emulation connection diagram	
Tactical Network Injector installation	49
Introduction	
Package content	
Installation sequence	49
Operating system installation and settings	49
Changing the IP address	52
Uninstall	
Other applications installed on Network Injectors	52
Introduction	52
Applications	53
Tactical Control Center and Appliance Control Center commands	53
Introduction	53
Commands	54
First Network Injector synchronization with RCS server	54
Introduction	54
Synchronizing a Network Injector with RCS server	54
Checking Network Injector status	55
Introduction	55
Identifying when Network Injector is synchronized	55
Viewing Network Injector logs	56
Additional component installation	
Introduction	56
Additional component installation requirements	56
Installation sequence	56
Additional Shard database installation	57
Additional Collector installation	59
Checking service start	61
Checking installation logs	61
Check IP addresses	61
Uninstall	61
Routine maintenance and software updates	62
What you should know about RCS maintenance	63
Receiving updates	63
Updating machine behavior	63
Routine maintenance procedures	63
Introduction	63
Check and delete log files	
Checking available backup disk space	63

Linux operating system updates	63
RCS server update	64
Update requirements	64
Update methods	
RCS server(s) update	64
RCS Console update	64
Update requirements	64
RCS Console update	64
Anonymizer update	
Update requirements	65
Anonymizer update	65
Network Injector Appliance update	
Introduction	65
Full Network Injector Appliance update	
Partial update with infection in progress	66
Partial update without infection in progress	
Tactical Network Injector update	67
Introduction	67
Full Tactical Network Injector update	68
Partial update	
Editing Master Node and Collector settings	
What you should know about settings	71
What you can edit	
When to edit settings	
Order used to edit settings	
Mail server settings	71
Setup utilities	71
RCS utilities	71
Utility command syntax	
Other options	72
Editing Master Node settings	72
Editing the Collector configuration	73
Settings check	
Example of settings check output	
Troubleshooting	75
Potential faults	
Potential installation faults	76
Possible server problems	
Potential backup problems	

To learn more	77
System logs	77
Introduction	77
Log analysis utility	77
Log file example	78
RCS log files	
Quick log display	
Log file content	
Component status check procedure	79
Introduction	79
Installed license check	79
Command	79
Master Node status check	79
Command	
What to check	79
Checking Worker service status	80
Command	80
Check agent status via Collector	
Command	80
What to check	80
Network Injector start check	80
Check system components	80
Command	81
Support service file creation	
Command	81
To learn more	
Service restart procedures	
Introduction	81
Hardware component service procedures	
Introduction	82
Hardware key replacement	
Master Node replacement	
Shard replacement	83
Replacing the Collector	
Replacing an Anonymizer	
Replacing a Network Injector Appliance	
Replacing a Tactical Injector Appliance	
RCS Console for the System administrator	
Starting the RCS Console	86

What the login page looks like	
Open RCS Console	
Homepage description	
Introduction	
What it looks like	
Wizards in the homepage	
Introduction	
What it looks like	
Quick Save	
Shared interface elements and actions	
What the RCS Console looks like	
Actions always available on the interface	92
Change interface language or password	92
Converting the RCS Console date-time to the actual time zone	92
Table actions	92
Front end management	94
Function scope	94
What the function looks like	
To learn more	
Adding an Anonymizer to the configuration	96
Editing Anonymizer settings	96
File Manager data	
Back end management	
Function scope	
What the function looks like	
To learn more	
Significant Shard database data	
What you should know about backup	
Management responsibilities	
Backup methods	
Metadata type backup	
Full type backup	
Operation type backup	
Target type backup	
Incremental backup	
Backup restore for severe reasons	
Backup data restore	
Full backup for serious reasons	
Introduction	

Run backup	. 100
Restore backup	. 100
Backup management	101
Function scope	101
What the function looks like	101
Significant backup process data	102
Connector management	103
Function scope	103
What the function looks like	103
To learn more	104
Significant connection rule data	104
Managing the Network Injector	. 105
Purpose	105
What you can do	105
What the function looks like	106
To learn more	107
Updating Network Injector control software	107
Network Injector data	107
System monitoring (Monitor)	. 108
Purpose	108
What the function looks like	. 109
To learn more	110
Deleting a component to be monitored	110
System monitoring data (Monitor)	110
System component monitoring data	110
License monitoring data	111

List of diagrams

Figure 1: RCS architecture: logical layout	7
Figure 1: One to many RCS architecture layout: logical layout	11
Figure 2: Many to one RCS architecture: logical layout	12
Figure 1: Network Injector Appliance: physical layout	41
Figure 2: Network Injector Appliance with TAP: physical layout	41
Figure 1: Tactical Network Injector: standard connection layout	48
Figure 2: Tactical Network Injector: access point emulation diagram	48

Glossary

The terms and their definitions used in this manual are provided below.

Α

Accounting

Console section that manages RCS access.

acquisition sequence

Group of complex events, actions and acquisition modules that make up the advanced agent configuration.

Administrator

The person who enables user access to the system, creates work groups and defines operations, targets and the type of data to be collected.

Agent

Software probes installed on devices to monitor. They are designed to collect evidence and communicate it to the Collector.

alert rules

Rules that create alerts when new evidence is stored or agents communicate back for the first time.

Alerting

Console section that manages new evidence alerts.

alerting group

Group of users who receive notifications via mail whenever a system alarm is triggered (for example, when the database exceeds available free space limits). Normally this group is not linked to an operation.

Analyst

Person in charge of analyzing the data collected during operations.

Anonymizer

(optional) Protects the server against external attacks and permits anonymity during investigations. Transfers agent data to Collectors.

Audit

Console section that reports all users' and system actions. Used to monitor abuse of RCS.

В

back end

Environment designed to decrypt and save collected information. It includes Master Node and Shard databases.

BRAS

(Broadband Remote Access Server) routes traffic to/from DSLAM to the ISP network and provides authentication to the ISP subscribers.

BSSID

(Basic Service Set IDentifier) Access Point and its client identifier.

С

Carrier

Collector Service: sends data received from Anonymizers to shards or the Master Node.

Collector

Collector Service: receives data sent by agents, via the Anonymizer chain.

console

Computer on which the RCS Console is installed. It directly accesses the RCS Server or Master Node.

D

Dashboard

Console section used by the Analyst. Used to have a quick overview of the status of the most important operations, targets and agents.

DSLAM

(Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer) network device, often located in the telephone exchanges of the telecommunications operators. It connects multiple cus-

tomer digital subscriber line (DSL) interfaces to a high-speed digital communications channel using multiplexing techniques.

Ε

Elite agent

Agent installed on secure devices. Lets you collect all types of available evidence.

entity

Group of intelligence information linked to the target and people and places involved in the investigation.

ESSID

(Extended Service Set IDentifier) Known as SSID, identifies the WiFi network.

evidence

Collected data evidence. The format depends on the type of evidence (i.e.: image).

evidence alerts

Alerts, usually in the form of emails, sent to analysts when new evidence matches the set rule.

Exploit

Code which, exploiting a bug or vulnerability, runs an unforeseen code. Used to infect target devices.

F

factory

A template for agent configuration and compiling.

front end

Environment designed to communicate with agents to collect information and set their configurations. It includes Collectors.

G

Group

Intelligence entity that groups several entities.

injection rules

Settings that define how to identify HTTP traffic, what resource should be injected and what method is to be used for the injection.

Μ

Monitor

Console section that monitors components and license status.

Ν

Network Controller

Collector Service: checks Network Injector and Anonymizer status and sends them new configurations and software updates.

Network Injector

Hardware component that monitors the target's network traffic and injects an agent into selected Web resources. It comes in two versions, Appliance or Tactical: the former is for deployment at the ISP, the latter for use on the field.

Network Injector Appliance

Rackable version of the Network Injector, for installation at ISP. See: Tactical Network Injector.

0

operation

Investigation aimed at one or more targets, whose devices will be recipients for agents.

Ρ

Person

Intelligence entity that represents a person involved in the investigation.

Position

Intelligence entity that represents a place involved in the investigation.

R

RCS

(Remote Control System) the product documented hereto.

RCS Console

Software designed to interact with the RCS Server.

RCS receiver

RCS system that receives evidence from other RCS sender systems (see) and never directly from agents. Compared to a complete RCS, RCS receiver provides functions only to process evidence.

RCS sender

RCS system that receives evidence from agents and transfer them to other RCS receiver systems (see) via connection rules. It is a complete RCS system.

RCS Server

One or more computers, based on the installation architecture, were essential RCS components are installed: Shard databases, Network Controllers and Collector.

S

Scout agent

Replaced the agent sent to the device to check the security level before installing actual agents (elite or soldier).

Soldier agent

Agent installed on not fully secure devices. Only lets you collect some types of evidence.

SSH

(Secure SHeII) a network protocol for secure data communication, remote shell services or command execution.

System

Console section that manages the system.

System administrator

The person who installs the servers and consoles, updates software and restores data in case of faults.

Т

Tactical Network Injector

The portable version of Network Injector, for tactical use. See: Network Injector Appliance.

TAP

(Test Access Port) a hardware device installed in a network that passively monitors the transmitted data flow.

target

The physical person under investigation. It is represented by the Target entity in the intelligence section.

Technician

The person assigned by the Administrator to create and manage agents.

V

Virtual

Intelligence entity that represents a virtual location (i.e.: website) involved in the investigation.

VPS

(Virtual Private Server) a remote server where the Anonymizer is installed. Commonly available for rent.

W

WPA

(WiFi Protected Access) WiFi network protection.

WPA 2

(WiFi Protected Access) WiFi network protection.

Guide introduction

Presentation

Manual goals

This manual is a guide for the System Administrator to:

- correctly install the RCS system and its components
- set up components using the administration console
- understand and resolve any system problems

Information on how to consult the manual is provided below.

Content

This section includes the following topics:

New guide features	. 2
Supplied documentation	
Print concepts for notes	. 4
Print concepts for format	. 4
Product and guide addressees	. 5
Software author identification data	. 5

New guide features

List of release notes and updates to this online help.

Release date	Code	Software version.	Description
	System Admin- istrator's Guide 1.7 SET-2014	9.4	Updated communication methods between Collector and Anonymizer, see "RCS system architecture" on page 7 and "What you should know about Anonymizer" on page 35. Added Master Node RCSMonitor service, see "RCS system architecture" on page 7 and "List of RCS services" on page 26.
23 June 2014	System Admin- istrator's Guide 1.6 GIU-2014	9.3	Added list of third party applications installed on Network Injector, see "Other applications installed on Network Injectors" on page 52 . Removed All-in-one architecture type. Added several RCS system architectures, see "Several RCS system architecture" on page 10 . Added utilities for RCS component troubleshooting, see "Component status check procedure" on page 79 Added dependencies between RCS services, see "List of RCS services" on page 26 see "List of RCS services" on page 26 "RCS server update" on page 64

RCS 9.4 - Supplied	documentation
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Release date	Code	Software version.	Description
19 Febru- ary 2014	System Administrator's Guide 1.5 FEB-2014	9.2	Updated Anonymizer installation and update management, see "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37, "Anonymizer update" on page 65. Added Collector Carrier service, see "What you should know about RCS" on page 9 Edited commands to check component status, see "Component status check procedure" on page 79. Added description of terminal commands for Tactical Control center and Appliance Control Center applications, see "Tactical Control Center and Appliance Control Center commands" on page 53
30 Septem- ber 2013	System Administrator's Guide 1.4 SET - 2013	9.4	Updated Network Injector installation, update and management documentation, see "Additional component installation " on page 34 , "Routine maintenance and software updates" on page 62 , "Managing the Network Injector" on page 105 . Updated connector documentation, see "Connector management" on page 103 . Updated documentation due to improvements to the user interface.

Supplied documentation

The following manuals are supplied with RCS software:

Manual	Addressees	Code	Distribution format
System Administrator's Guide (this manual)	System administrator	System Administrator's Guide 1.7 SET-2014	PDF
Administrator's Guide	Administrators	Administrator's Guide 1.5 SET-2014	PDF
Technician's Guide	Technicians	Technician's Guide 1.8 SET-2014	PDF
Analyst's Guide	Analysts	Analyst's Guide 1.7 SET-2014	PDF

Print concepts for notes

Notes foreseen in this document are listed below (Microsoft Manual of Style):



WARNING: indicates a risky situation which, if not avoided, could cause user injury or equipment damages.

CAUTION: indicates a risky situation which, if not avoided, can cause data to be lost.



IMPORTANT: offers the indications required to complete the task. While notes can be neglected and do not influence task completion, important indications should not be neglected.



NOTE: neutral and positive information that emphasize or add information to the main text. They provide information that can only be applied in special cases.



Tip: suggestion for the application of techniques and procedures described in the text according to special needs. It may suggest an alternative method and is not essential to text comprehension.



Service call: the operation may only be completed with the help of technical service.

Print concepts for format

A key to print concepts is provided below:

Example	Style	Description
See "User data"	italic	this indicates a chapter, section, sub-section, paragraph, table or illustration heading in this manual or other publication of reference.
<ddmmyyyy></ddmmyyyy>	<aaa></aaa>	indicates text that must be specified by the user according to a certain syntax. In the example <ddmmyyyy> is a date and could be "14072011".</ddmmyyyy>
Select one of the listed servers [2] .	[x]	indicates the object specified in the text that appears in the adjacent image.
Click Add . Select the File menu, Save data.	bold	indicates text on the operator interface, a graphic element (i.e.: table, tab) or screen button (i.e.: display).

Example	Style	Description
Press Enter	capital first letter	indicates a keyboard key name.
See: Network Injector Appliance.	-	suggests you compare the definition of a word in the glossary or content with another word or content.

Product and guide addressees

Following is the list of professionals that interact with RCS.

Addressee	Activity	Skills
System administrator	Follows the HackingTeam's instructions provided during the contract phase. Installs and updates RCS servers, Network Injectors and RCS Consoles. Schedules and manages backups. Restores backups if servers are replaced.	Expert network technician
	WARNING: the system administrator must have the required necessary skills. The HackingTeam is not liable for equipment malfunctions or damages due to unprofessional installation.	
Administrator	Creates authorized accounts and groups. Creates operations and target. Monitors system and license status.	Investigation manager
Technician	Creates and sets up agents. Sets Network Injector rules	Tapping specialist technician
Analyst	Analyzes and exports evidence.	Operative

Software author identification data

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RCS (Remote Control System)

Presentation

Introduction

RCS (Remote Control System) is a solution that supports investigations by actively and passively tapping data and information from the devices targeted by the investigations. In fact, RCS anonymously creates, sets and installs software agents that collect data and information, sending the results to the central database to be decrypted and saved.

Content

This section includes the following topics:

RCS system architecture	
What you should know about RCS	9
Several RCS system architecture	10

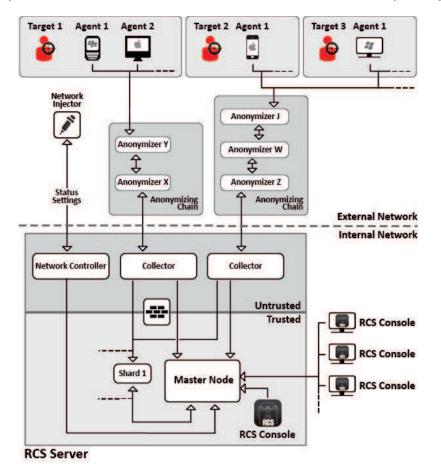
RCS system architecture

Introduction

RCS is installed at the operating center and proprietary authority's tapping rooms. It can come with special devices (hardware and software) installed at remote organizations such as Internet providers or remote servers.

Architecture layout

Software components are installed on several server. The architecture layout is provided below:





Architecture components

Architecture components are provided below:

Component	Function	Installation
Agent	Software bugs tap and communicate the investigation target's data and information to an Anonymizer.	 target devices data sources
Anonymizing chain Anonymizer	Geographically distributed Anonymizer groups that guarantee Collector anonymity and redirect collected data to protect servers from remote attacks. It transfers agent data to servers. Several Anonymizers can be set up in a chain to increase the level of protection. Each chain leads to one Collector.	VPS (Virtual Priv- ate Server)
Collector	 One per Anonymizing Chain. Three services are installed in each: Collector: collects agent data sent by the last Anonymizer in the chain. Carrier: sends data to Shards and Master Node Network Controller: receives Anonymizer status and logs and sends them updates and new settings. 	one or more serv- ers in front end environment
Firewall	Optional but highly recommended, it protects the <i>trusted</i> environment (where data is processed and saved) from the <i>untrusted</i> environment (where data is collected).	RCS server
RCS console	Setup, monitoring and analysis console used by operating center workers.	 RCS server internal network
Master Node	Heart of the RCS server, it manages data flows, component status and includes the first Shard database. It includes Worker service to decode data before it is saved to the database and Monitor service to monitor all architecture components, including Master Node and sends e-mail in the event of alarms.	RCS server
Network Controller	One per collector. It constantly acquires Network Injector and sends them settings.	one or more serv- ers in front end environment

Component	Function	Installation
Network Injector	(optional) Fixed hardware component (Appliance) or notebook (Tactical), it runs sniffing and injection operations on the target's HTTP connections.	 ISP Wired or Wireless LAN (homes, hotel)
Shard x	Additional RCS distributed database partitions. Shard 0 is included in Master Node. It includes Worker service to decode data and enter it in the database.	one or more serv- ers in back end environment
Target	Investigation targets. Each device owned by the target is a data source and can be monitored by an agent.	-

What you should know about RCS

Operations

RCS system components must be suitably installed at both the operating center and, eventually, an Internet service provider. Typically divided in *front end* environments for all data collection, tapping and monitoring, and *back end* environment for data collection and backup.

Data flow and protection

The RCS server clearly separates activities in *untrusted* environment from those in *trusted* environment. The barrier limit is provided by a resident firewall.

Tapping data is collected in untrusted environment, eventually redirected to protect the addressee's identity (you) and sent to an information collector (Collector) and sent to the trusted environment via a specific service (Carrier). Remote entity status and settings are checked by a specific Collector machine component (Network Controller).

In trusted environment, evidence is managed, set and monitored (Master Node).

Lastly, RCS Console is a client that directly connects to Master Node. It can be installed on any computer to be used by the various RCS users.

See "RCS system architecture" on page 7.

Data logging continuity

Agents send collected data to the Collector. If communications fail, connectivity is down or the Collector does not work, agents can save a set amount of data until connectivity is restored. Data that exceed the admitted limit are lost.

If the Carrier cannot communicate with Master Node (disservice or maintenance in progress), received data is locally saved on the Collector until Master Node is restored. Once restored, data is automatically sent.

Digital certificates

Master Node uses HTTPS digital certificates that guarantee communication security between Master Node, Collector and RCS Consoles.

Some agents require specific certificates that must be created and saved in folder \RCS\DB\config\certs.

See "Files installed at the end of installation" on page 32

Decoding data

Worker service is installed with each Shard and decodes data before it is saved in the database. For distributed databases, each Shard has its own Worker that receives encrypted data from Master Node, decodes it and saves it in the database. The work load is automatically evenly distributed among all Shards in the same cluster.

Several RCS system architecture

Introduction

RCS can be set to communicate with other RCS systems to send or receive evidence received from agents.

There are two possible communication scenarios:

- one to many: an RCS system receives all evidence from agents and distributes them to several RCS systems that only display and process evidence of their interest. For example, if evidence is collected from a single central agency but investigations are conducted by several local courts.
- many to one: various RCS systems receive evidence from agents and send them to a single RCS system that displays and processes all of them. For example, if evidence is collected and processed by a local agency but there is a central agency that monitors the various local agencies and conducts global investigations.

One-many architecture layout

The one-many architecture layout is provided below:

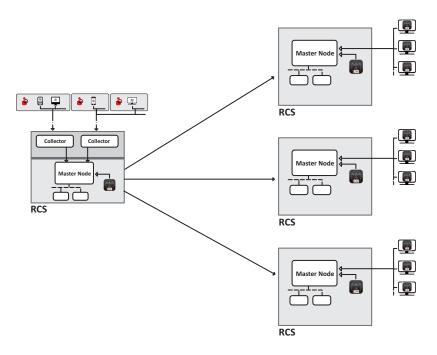


Figure 1: One to many RCS architecture layout: logical layout

Many-one architecture layout

The many-one architecture layout is provided below:

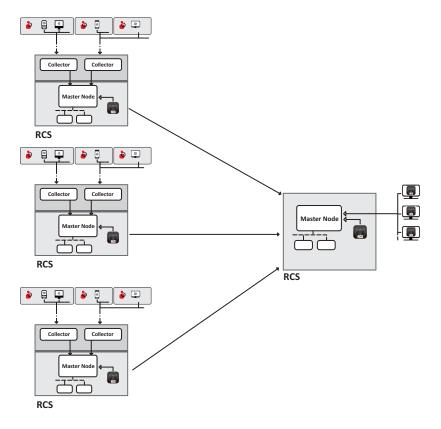


Figure 2: Many to one RCS architecture: logical layout

Sender RCS systems

An RCS sender system (both in one-many and many-one architecture) is a complete RCS system. It includes the installation of a Collector and any other additional and optional components that allow for evidence to be received from agents installed on target devices. *See "RCS system architecture" on page 7*

Data transfer to one or more receiver RCS is set with RCS Console using connection rules, see "Connector management" on page 103.

RCS receiver systems

The main purpose of an RCS receiver system (in both many-one and one-many architecture) is to display and process evidence. The evidence it has is only received from one or more RCS sender systems, never directly from agents.

The main operations enabled in RCS Console are those that concern evidence management and processing. On the other hand, agents are fully managed and set by the RCS sender system. The main components are Master Node, RCS Console and any additional shards.

NOTE: if data is received from a single RCS system, the only evidence that is displayed and can be processed are those from its own investigations. If data is received from several RCS systems, all evidence is displayed and can be cross-processed by several investigations.

Received data structure

Data is received organized and named as set in the sender system's RCS Console. However, names can be changed to be better interpreted without creating communication problems between systems.

If data is received from several RCS systems, data arrive linked to the RCS sender system identifier.

RCS receiver system installation



NOTE: RCS receiver systems require a specific user license.

The full installation sequence is provided below:

Step	Action	See
1	Install Master Node.	"RCS server installation" on page 20
2	Check installation logs.	
3	Make sure Master Node services have started.	
4	Install RCS Console.	"RCS Console installation " on page 27
5	Install any additional shards.	"Additional component installation" on page 56

3

Installation introduction

Presentation

Introduction

RCS installation is run at first installation or subsequent updates. Installation files are available on the CD included in the package or can be downloaded from the HackingTeam support portal.

Installation requirements

All hardware must already be installed and running according to the system requirements communicated by HackingTeam upon order confirmation.

See "Minimum system requirements" on page 16



NOTE: Network Injector installation is optional and will be documented in the following chapters.

Content

This section includes the following topics:

Package content	
Minimum system requirements	
Ports to be opened on the firewall	
System administrator procedures	
<i>i</i> .	

Package content

Package content

RCS is supplied in a package that includes:

- an installation CD
- a USB key with user license
- two USB hardware keys (main and backup)



Service call: all USB keys are supplied with an ID code that must be communicated to support service for all software replacements and updates.

Installation package content (CD or web)

The installation package in the CD or downloaded from the HackingTeam support portal contains the following files where 'x' is the CD root:

Folder	Included files	Description		
х:	ChangeLog.pdf	Release notes		
x:\doc	RCS_x.x_Admin_y.y_ Language.PDF RCS_x.x_Analist_y.y_ Language.PDF RCS_x.x_SysAdmin_y.y_ Language.PDF RCS_x.x_Technician_y.y_ Language.PDF	 RCS installation and user manuals. Each manual is addressed to a specific user role. x.x: RCS version. y.y: manual version. Language: manual language. 		
x:\setup	AdoberAIRinstaller.exe	Adobe AIR installation file.		
x:\setup RCS-version.exe		RCS server(s) installation file.		
x:\setup	RCSconsole-version.air	RCS Console installation file.		
x:\setup	RCS-ocr-version.exe	OCR module installation file (optional).		

USB key with user license

The package contains a USB key with the user license for the supplied RCS version. The file is required for installation and software updates. It can be copied from the USB key to any other support device.

USB hardware keys

Two hardware keys are included in the package: a main one, already linked to the license in the USB license key, and a backup, ready to be activated in the event the main key fails.



IMPORTANT: the hardware key must always be connected to Master Node to allow all RCS services to run. All services are immediately aborted when the key is disconnected!

Minimum system requirements

Hardware must be configured as instructed by support service in the contract phase. The computers on which RCS is installed require the following characteristics:

Machine	Component	Requirement
Front end and back end server	Operating system	Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard (English)
Computer for RCS Console	Operating sys- tem	Microsoft Windows or Apple Mac OS X.
	Browser	Firefox 11 IE 9 Chrome
VPS for Anonymizer	Operating system	Linux CentOS 6
Network Injector (Appliance or Tactical)	Operating sys- tem	Provided by HackingTeam

Ports to be opened on the firewall

If a firewall is installed between RCS server components, the following TCP ports must be opened to allow services to communicate:

From	То	Port to be opened
Anonymizer	Collector	80
Collector	Master Node	443
Collector	remote	all
Carrier	Master Node/Shard	442

From	То	Port to be opened
Master Node	Collector	80
Network Controller	remote	443
Console	Master Node	443, 444

System administrator procedures

Introduction

Typical System administrator procedures are listed below with references to the pertinent chapters.

Procedures

Install RCS and setup components

Following is the RCS architecture component installation procedure:

Step Action

1	Prepare the installation environment. See "Installation introduction" on page 14.
2	Install the RCS server. See "RCS installation" on page 19.
3	Install the RCS Consoles. See "RCS Console installation " on page 27.
4	Install and setup up Anonymizers. See "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37
5	(optional) Install an OCR module. See "OCR module installation" on page 30
	Service call: to install other RCS modules, contact Hacking Team technicians.

Step Action

- 6 (optional) Install the Shard databases and additional Collectors. *See "Additional component installation" on page 56*.
- 7 (optional) Install Network Injectors.
 See "What you should know about Network Injector Appliance" on page 39.
 See "What you should know about Tactical Network Injector" on page 47.

Maintain and update the system

References to the chapters on how to maintain performance and update the system are listed below:

- See "Routine maintenance and software updates" on page 62.
- See "Editing Master Node and Collector settings" on page 70.
- See "Troubleshooting" on page 75.

Monitoring the system

References to chapters on how to monitor the system are given below:

• See "RCS Console for the System administrator" on page 85

4

RCS installation

Presentation

Introduction

RCS installation requires intervention on various local and remote servers.

Content

This section includes the following topics:

What you should know about RCS installation	
RCS server installation	
List of RCS services	
Front end services	
Backend services (Master Node)	
Backend services (Shard)	
To learn more	
RCS Console installation	
OCR module installation	
Files installed at the end of installation	
	33

What you should know about RCS installation

Login privileges

RCS was designed to guarantee maximum server and collected data security. To achieve this goal, four distinct roles were defined that usually refer to the professionals who can login to the system:

- System administrator: exclusively in charge of hardware and software installation and backups
- 🌋 Administrator: in charge of all system login, investigations and investigation goals
- Fechnician: in charge of setting up and installing tapping agents
- Analyst: in charge of data analysis



Tip: several roles can be assigned to the same user, for example, an Administrator can also have Technician privileges.

Admin user and System administrator user

A special user is created during installation with the name "admin" and all privileges (System administrator, Administrator, Technician and Analyst) to be used for all RCS Console settings and login functions.

This user must only be used for this purpose. After completing installation, we recommend you create one or more users with the required privileges according to your organization.



IMPORTANT: we usually refer to the admin user in this manual as the System Administrator, even if she/he has all privileges.

RCS server installation

Introduction

Installation in distributed architecture typically installs all components on two or more servers: one server for the front end environment to collect data and manage remote devices and one server for the back end environment to process and save data.



Service call: distributed architecture is scalable. Check with the HackingTeam support service.



NOTA: RCS Console is installed with a separate procedure, on the same server or other remote computer. *See* "*RCS Console installation*" on page 27

Installation requirements

The following is required before installing RCS server(s):

- the name or IP address of the server(s) where RCS is to be installed
- the license file, found on the USB key supplied in the delivered package or other support if downloaded from Internet.
- the USB hardware key, supplied in the package.
- for firewall, open the ports for correct service operations. See "Ports to be opened on the firewall" on page 16

Installation sequence

The full installation sequence is provided below:

Step	Action	Machine
1	Prepare that indicated in <i>installation requirements.</i>	-
2	Install Master Node.	server in back end environment
3	Check installation logs.	
4	Make sure Master Node services have started.	
5	Installing the first Collector.	server in front end environment
6	Check installation logs.	
8	Install RCS Console.	server in back end environment or other computer
9	Setup the backup folder on the remote unit.	server in back end environment

Master Node installation

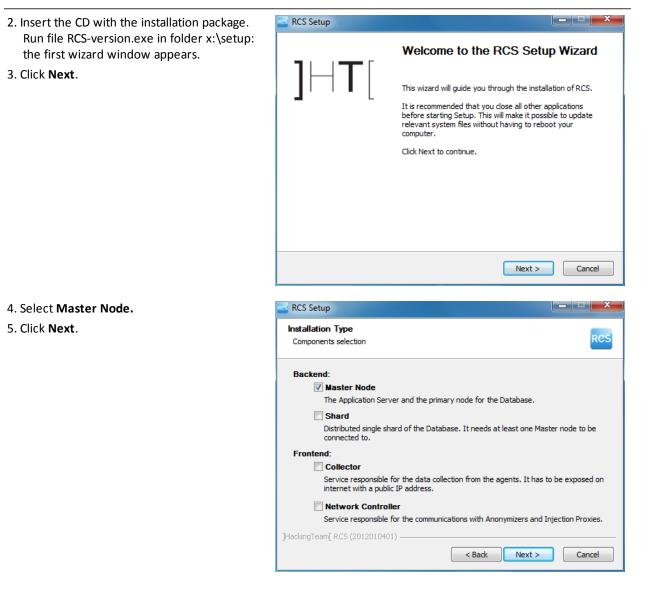
To install Master Node on the server in back end environment:

Steps	Result

1. Insert the hardware key.

Steps

Result



Steps	Result		
6. Enter the server name or IP address where	🚾 RCS Setup		
the software is being installed and that will be indicated at RCS Console login (i.e.: RCSMasterNode).	Configuration settings: Certificate Please enter configuration settings.		
IMPORTANT: the name and IP address must be univocal.	Certificate Common Name (hostname or IP address): CN: MainBEServer		
7. Click Next .			
]HackingTeam[RCS (2012010401)		
8. Select the license file.	RCS Setup		
9. Click Next .	Configuration settings: License Riduci a icona Please enter configuration settings. RCS		
	License file: License: C:\Users\Documents\RCSlicence.lic Browse		
]HackingTeam[RCS (2012010401)		

- 10. Enter the System administrator's password.
- 11. Click **Next**: when installation has completed, services are started and are ready to receive data and communicate with the RCS Console.



NOTE: if the server name or IP address needs to be changed after installation due to faults see "Editing Master Node settings" on page 72.

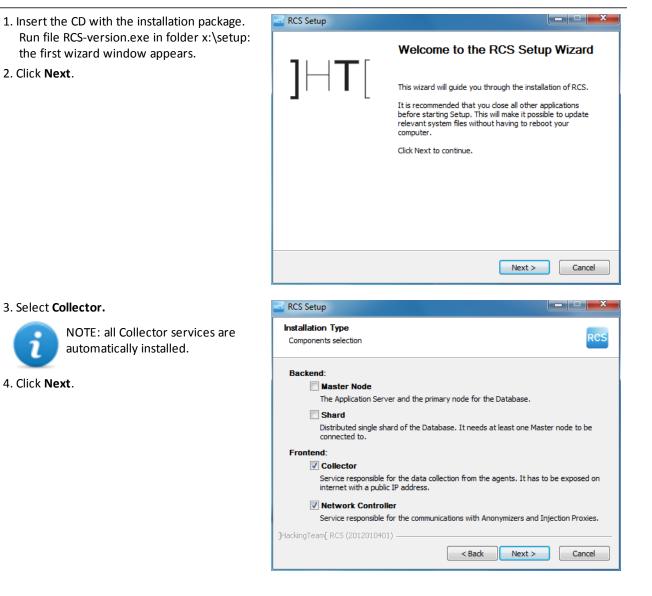
-

Collector installation

To install several Collectors in front end environment:

Steps

Result



Steps	Result		
5. Enter the system administrator password	🚾 RCS Setup		
indicated in Master Node installation. 6. Click Next : installation is launched.	Configuration settings: Admin account Please enter configuration settings.	RCS	
	Account for the 'admin' user: Password:		
7. Enter the Master Node server name or IP]HackingTeam[RC5 (2012010401)	Cancel	
address (i.e.: RCSMasterNode).	Configuration settings Please enter configuration settings.	RCS	
lick Install : when installation has completed, services start and attempt to communicate with Master Node. The server n back end environment is protected and any remote login is redirected			
]HackingTeam[RCS (2012010401)	Cancel	

Checking service start

Make sure all RCS services are up and running. If services are not running, manually start them.

IMPORTANT: Collector only accepts connections if the Windows firewall is running.

See "List of RCS services" on the next page

Checking installation logs

If errors occur during installation, check logs and send them to support service if necessary.

See "System logs" on page 77

Check IP addresses

To check all addresses, start the RCS Console, **System** section, **Frontend:** Collector addresses appear on the screen. *See "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37*

Uninstall

RCS can be uninstalled from the Windows Control Panel.





NOTE: data will not be lost when other servers are uninstalled.

List of RCS services

RCS services appear at the end of the various installation phases. Making sure they have correctly started is one of the procedures required to ensure installation is complete.

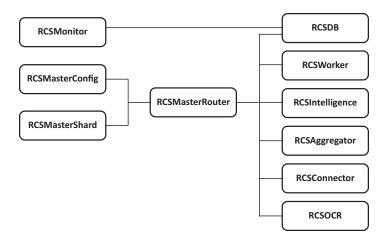
Front end services

Front end server services are:

- RCSCollector
- RCSCarrier
- RCSController

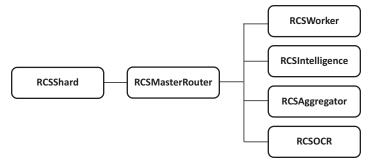
Backend services (Master Node)

Master Node services and their dependencies are illustrated in the diagram below. For example **RCSDB** service depends on **RCSMasterRouter** service and **RCSMonitor** service.



Backend services (Shard)

Shard services and their dependencies are illustrated in the diagram below.



To learn more

To restart any stopped services see "Service restart procedures " on page 81 .

RCS Console installation

Introduction

RCS Console is a client designed to interact with Master Node. It is typically installed on control room computers (for inspectors and analysts) and used by all personnel involved in RCS installation.

Requirements

Before installing RCS Console you must:

- have the RCS server(s) installed
- prepare the Master Node name or IP address

prepare the Master Node System administrator's password •

Installation sequence

The full RCS Console installation sequence is the following:

Step Action

- Install Adobe AIR. 1
- 2 Install RCS Console.

Adobe AIR installation

To install Adobe AIR:

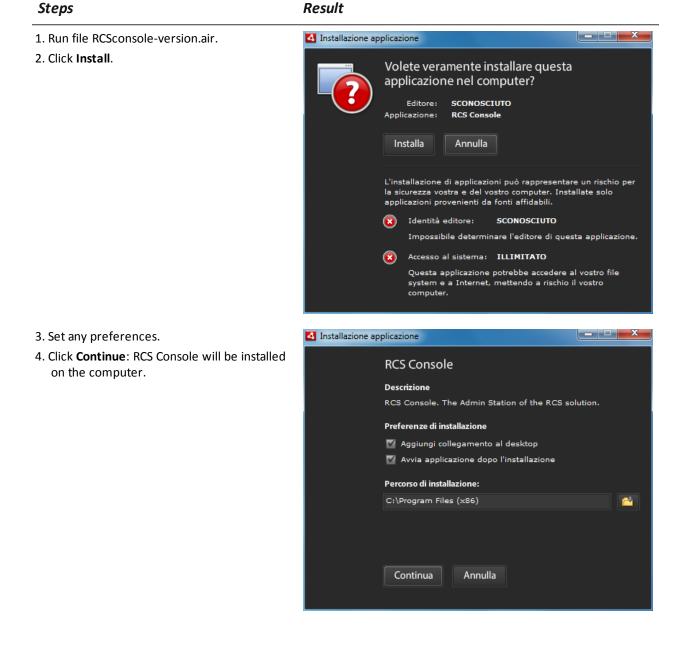
Steps

Result

1. Install Adobe AIR: no icon appears on the	Installazione di A	Adobe AIR	×
desktop at the end of installation.		Adobe® AIR® Impostazione programma di installazione Il programma di installazione installerà Adobe software di abilitazione per applicazioni deskti Web. Leggete e accettate il contratto di licenzi continuare. ADOBE Contratto di licenza software per PC 1. ESCLUSIONI DI GARANZIA, CONTRATI VINCOLANTE E ULTERIORI TERMINI E CI 1.1 ESCLUSIONE DI GARANZIA, IL SOFT ALTRE INFORMAZIONI VENGONO FORNITI A "COSÌ COME SONO" E CON DIFETTI. ADOB FORNITORI E LE AUȚORITÀ DI CERTIFICAZ Facendo clic sul pulsante "Accetto", confermo a accettato i termini del presente contratto. Accetto Annulla	op connesse al a prima di TO ONTRATTI. WARE E ALL'UTENTE E, I SUOI IONE NON

RCS Console installation

To install RCS Console:



Steps	Result
5. The RCS Console login window appears at the end of installation.	Pennate Control System
 6. Enter your credentials and the server name/IP address. 7. Click NOTE: the System administrator logs in with name "admin" and the password selected during installation. 	Image: Construction of the second of the

RCS Console uninstall

You can decide to uninstall RCS Console at any time to, for example, use the computer for something else. Database data and user preferences are not influenced in any way.

Creating the Administrator user

An RCS Console Administrator user must be created during RCS installation. The Administrator is in charge of creating all other users and managing operations and targets. *See "Product and guide addressees"* on page 5.

To create an Administrator user:

Step	Action
1	From RCS Console, in the Accounting section, click New user .

2 Enter the required data, selecting the **Administrator role** and click **Save**: the

new user appears in the main work area with icon . from now on the user with the indicated credential can log into RCS Console and run the foreseen functions.

OCR module installation

Introduction

The OCR module is an optional module that indexes all content (i.e.: in addition to traditional documents, also images, audio, video) for full-text search.



NOTE: it supports only ASCII characters and left to right reading.

Installation requirements

The OCR module can be installed on all system shards to automatically balance the work load.

OCR module operation

OCR module operation are described below:

Phase Description

- 1 Screenshot evidence images and all types of documents, awaiting conversion, are saved in a separate queue from evidence awaiting analysis.
- 2 The OCR module reads the image or document from the queue and converts them into text. This operation can last from one to 5-10 seconds according to the number of words to be acquired.
- **3** Each image or document text is saved in the database and tagged as full-text.
- 4 Conversion times and tags for the single image are saved in the module log.
- **5** The text is made available to the Analyst in the page with the list of evidence for a search in the **Info** field and in the detailed evidence page.

Space occupied by tagged text in the database

Each piece of screenshot evidence occupies more space in the database because it is always accompanied by its tagged text. The increase in space cannot be predicted since it depends on both the number of screenshots acquired from the agent and the number of words in each screenshot.

OCR module work load

The OCR module occupies a lot of the CPU when converting a screenshot, but is run with a lower priority than other processes.

Thus the CPU load will only have an effect when the system shows the converted image text during evidence analysis.

It is best to immediately install on Shard and not on Master Node, already full of processes.

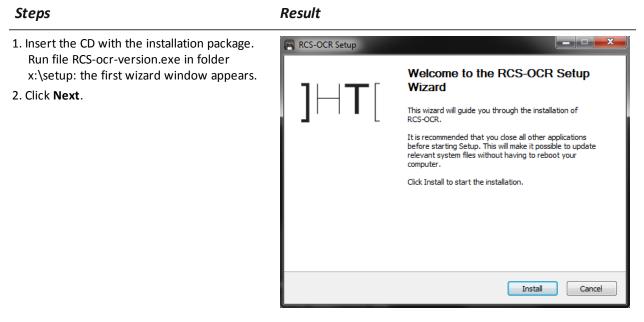
Symptoms of excessive load

Check how long it takes for the text to be displayed in the single evidence detail and check the times recorded in the log when acquiring images. If these are deemed excessive and another server is free (i.e.: that housing another shard database or Master Node) install another OCR module.

This way the work load will be divided amongst all installed modules.

OCR module installation

To install an OCR module in back end environment:



 Follow the steps below until installation has completed: the module will begin converting images the first time a screenshot type of evidence is received.

Checking correct OCR module operations

To check whether image conversion to text is too slow, check how long it takes for the to appear in the evidence details page.

Uninstall

The OCR module can be uninstalled from the Windows Control Panel.

NOTE: uninstalling an OCR module does not compromise converted and tagged text.

Files installed at the end of installation

Various folders appear at the end of installation, organized according to the installed optional component.

Folder Included files

backup The folder contains files with data saved in the databases. See "Backup management" on page 101



IMPORTANT: this folder's content should not be touched. To save backup data on remote disks, use the Windows Disk Management function and install the disk as a NTFS folder, selecting it as the target.

Path:

C:\RCS\DB\backup

bin The folder contains the utilities (i.e.: rcs-db-config) used to set RCS utilities.
 See "Setup utilities" on page 71
 Path:
 C:\RCS\DB\bin

C:\RCS\Collector\bin

certs The folder contains the certificates used by the various services to access Master Node. They are updated when RCS settings are edited.

See "Editing Master Node settings" on page 72

Path:

 $\RCS\DB\config\certs$

- config The folder contains number system configuration files.
 Path:
 C:\RCS\DB\config
 C:\RCS\Collector\config
- log RCS component log file. See "System logs" on page 77 Path: C:\RCS\DB\log C:\RCS\Collector\log

Additional component installation

Presentation

Introduction

RCS installation may include the installation of other additional components:

- Anonymizer
- Network Injector
- Shard database
- Collector

Content

This section includes the following topics:

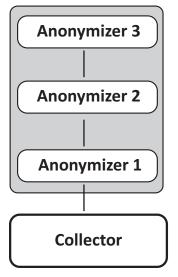
What you should know about Anonymizer	
Anonymizer installation and settings	
What you should know about Network Injector Appliance	
Network Injector Appliance installation	42
What you should know about Tactical Network Injector	47
Tactical Network Injector installation	
Other applications installed on Network Injectors	
Tactical Control Center and Appliance Control Center commands	53
First Network Injector synchronization with RCS server	
Checking Network Injector status	
Additional component installation	56

What you should know about Anonymizer

Introduction

An Anonymizer is used to redirect data grom a group of agents. The Anonymizer is installed on a server connected to Internet which cannot be reconnected to the rest of the infrastructure like, for example, a VPS (Virtual Private Server), rented for this purpose.

Several Anonymizers can be set up in a chain to increase the level of protection. Each chain leads to one Collector.



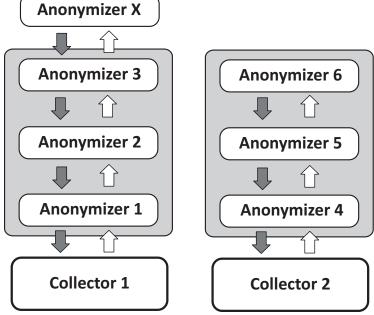
Anonymizer status

An Anonymizer can have different status:

Status	Symbol in RCS Console, Sys- tem, Frontend
In operating chain	
Not in chain	
Disabled	

Status	Symbol in RCS Console, Sys- tem, Frontend
Anonymizer not recognized since it has not yet come into con- tact with the Collector	
Anonymizer with faults	*

Communications between Anonymizer and Collector



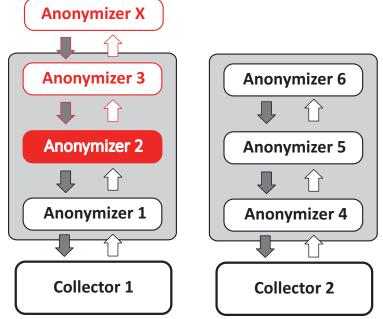
Once installed and set up, the Anonymizer sends status and logs to the Collector and receives settings and updates from the Collector via the Anonymizer chain. For example, **Anonymizer 2** sends its status to **Anonymizer 1** that sends it to **Collector 1**.



NOTE: if an Anonymizer does not belong to any chain (i.e.: **Anonymizer X** in the diagram), it uses the first Anonymizer chain in the configuration to communicate with the Collector.

NOTE: to exclude an Anonymizer from all communications, simply disable it.

Faulty Anonymizer



A faulty Anonymizer (i.e.: **Anonymizer 2** in the diagram) interrupts communications between the Collector and Anonymizers in this chain and is thus faulty. To continue working with the other Anonymizers in the chain, move the faulty Anonymizer out of the chain and update the configuration.

Anonymizer installation and settings

Installation requirement

A VPS must be rented with the minimum system requirements defined in the contract phase to install anonymizers.

See "Minimum system requirements" on page 16

Installation

CAUTION: use SSH protocol for all installation, setup and data exchange operations to the remote unit.

To install the Anonymizer on a private server:

Step Action

- 1 From **RCS Console,** in the **System** section, click **Frontend**, **New Anonymizer**.
- 2 Enter the required data and click Save.

Result: the Anonymizer appears in the Anonymizer list with icon section, a monitoring object appears for the added Anonymizer.

- **3** Select the Anonymizer and drag it to the Collector or another Anonymizer to create a chain.
- 4 Click Download installer.

Result: the anon_install.zip installer file is generated and saved on the console desktop.

- **5** Connect to the server and copy file anon_install.zip to a folder on the server.
- 6 Connect to the server, unzip the file and launch the installer by entering: # sh install

Result: the Anonymizer is installed in server folder/opt/bbproxy.

7 From RCS Console, in the System, Frontend section, select the Anonymizer and click Apply configuration : the new configuration is sent to the Anonymizer by the Collector via the Anonymizer chain.

Anonymizer data

Selected Anonymizer data is described below:

Data	Description
Name	Anonymizer name.
Description	User's description
Release	Software version. To view software versions for all components see the Monitor section.
Address	IP address of the VPS where the Anonymizer was installed.
Enabled	If enabled, the Anonymizer is contacted for updates and new settings. Disable the function to avoid connections with Anonymizers in untrusted environments or with Anonymizers out of order.
Log	Last messages logged. To view log file content see "System logs" on page 77

Boot check

The Anonymizer sends its logs to syslog that manages and saves them in a file. Files are normally saved in the following files (based on the operating system version and syslog service settings):

/var/log/messages /var/log/syslog

IP address check

To check all Anonymizer addresses, start the **RCS Console**, **System** section, **Frontend**: the addresses appear on the screen. See "Anonymizer update" on page 65

Editing settings

To edit Anonymizer settings:

Step Action

- 1 In the **System** section, **Frontend**, click on the Anonymizer icon.
- 2 Edit the required data and click **Save. Result**: the screen is updated.
- 3 Check Anonymizer status in the **Monitor** section.
- Click Apply settings.
 Result: RCS connects to the Anonymizer and transfers the new configuration via the Anonymizer chain.

Uninstall

To uninstall the Anonymizer delete the private server folder /opt/bbproxy and delete the Anonymizer from the RCS Console. See "Anonymizer update".

What you should know about Network Injector Appliance

Introduction

Network Injector Appliance is a network server for installation in an intra-switch segment at an Internet service provider.

An RCS agent can be injected in visited web pages or downloaded files by monitoring target connections.

Network Injector Appliance uses Network Injector - Network Appliance as an operating system and Appliance Control Center for control software.

NOTE: Network Injector Appliance is supplied installed and ready for use, complete with all the foreseen applications.

Main functions

Network Injector Appliance analyzes the target's traffic and, in the event set rules match, injects agents.

Network Injector Appliance communicates with RCS every 30 seconds to receive identification and infection rules and send status and logs.

Its Appliance Control Center control software can be set for remote access.

Network connections

Network Injector Appliance requires two network connections: one to tap the target's traffic and the other to inject agents and communicate with the RCS server.



Tip: after setup, Network Injector Appliance is independent. It can be left to run without further communication with the RCS server.



Service call: given special Network Injector Appliance features, this manual only provides essential connection indications, letting support service provide all those strategic aspects that are defined in the start-up and delivery phase.

Standard connection layout

Typical layout for an Access Switch that routes data to Network Injector Appliance:

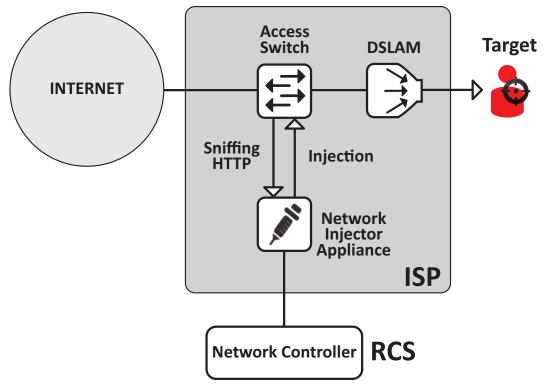


Figure 1: Network Injector Appliance: physical layout

Connection layout as an intra-switch segment

Typical layout with TAP device to boost Access Switch data routing:

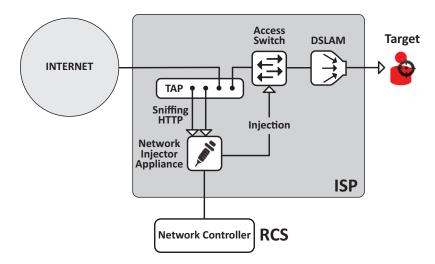


Figure 2: Network Injector Appliance with TAP: physical layout

Data sniffing via TAP, SPAN port

A TAP device is often installed at the Internet service provider and is the most appropriate solution for traffic monitoring.

Using a SPAN port has the following drawbacks:

- switch CPU use may significantly increase due to port use
- the SPAN port on the switch may already be in use.

Network Injector Appliance installation

Introduction

Network Injector Appliance is supplied with pre-installed and set Network Appliance operating system and Appliance Control Center control software. Hardware must be installed with the Internet service provider and synchronized with RCS server.

Package content

The package includes a series of GBIC connectors to monitor optic fiber and RJ45 connections.

Installation sequence

Tip: prepare Network Injector Appliance at your offices before installing it at the Internet provider.

The full installation sequence is provided below:

Step	Action	Paragraph
1	Connect Network Injector Appliance to the network.	"Network connections" on the next page
2	Installing Network Appliance operating system	"Operating system install-
	NOTE: the operating system is already installed at purchase.	ation and settings " on page 44
3	Synchronizing Network Injector with RCS server	"First Network Injector syn- chronization with RCS server" on page 54
4	Checking Network Injector status	"Checking Network Injector status " on page 55
5	Transfer Network Injector Appliance to the Internet service provider and change the network addresses to enable Internet access	-

Rear panel description

The rear panel is described below:



A list of visible components is provided below:

Area	Component	Description	
1	Sniffing ports	Up to four connections to the traffic switches on the targets to be monitored or up to two for redundant devices.	
		NOTE: optic fiber or copper connections are admitted.	
2	Mother board	Standard PC outputs for monitor and keyboard connections to launch sysconf utilities or complete updates from the installation CD. See "Routine maintenance procedures" on page 63	
3	Management and injection ports	 Port 1: network connection with Network Controller to receive settings and send status. The address must be set with Network Manager. Port 2: network connection for traffic injection. 	

Network connections

Tip: prepare Network Injector Appliance by connecting it to your network and setting parameters before transferring it to the Internet provider.

The network connection procedure is described below:

Steps

Layout

1. Connect the target's traffic switch to the sniffing ports**[1].**



IMPORTANT: for redundant devices, connect both devices.



- 2. Connect management (port 1) and injection (port 2) ports [3] to the Internet.
- 3. Connect the monitor and keyboard [2].

Operating system installation and settings

Network Injector Appliance is supplied installed and ready for use, complete with all the foreseen applications. It can also be installed using a restore disk.

The procedure is described below:

Steps	Result	
1. Connect the computer to the network using an Ethernet cable and insert the installation CD.	-	
2. Select Network Appliance for server version installation: operating system installation is launched and the computer shuts down when finished.		
IMPORTANT: the computer must remain connected to the internet during the entire installation process.	-	
3. Reboot the notebook.	-	
4. The first setup window appears.	System Configuration	
5. Select the language.	Welcome	
	Asturianu Bahasa Indonesia Bosanski	

Català

Deutsch Español

Français Hrvatski

Kurdî

Magyar

Čeština

Eesti

Esperanto

Gaeilge

Íslenska

Latviski

Nederlands

Dansk

English

Euskara

Galego

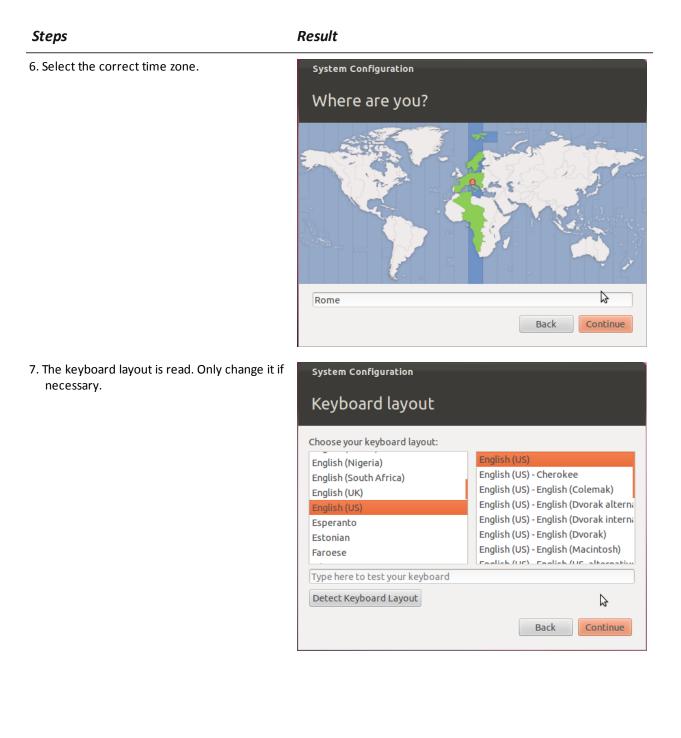
Italiano

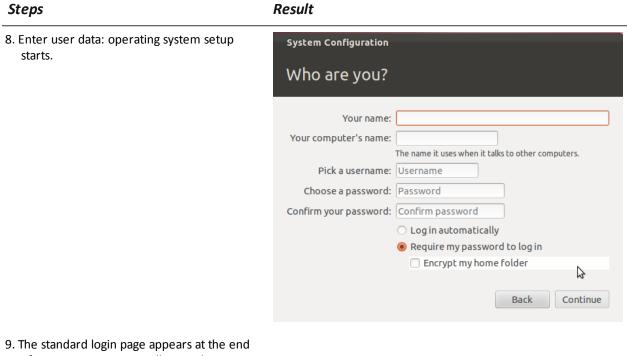
Lietuviškai

Norsk bokmål

Back

Continue





 The standard login page appears at the end of operating system installation. The Appliance Control Center operating system and control software are installed on the computer.

Changing the IP address

If the Network Injector device IP address changes, reinstall Network Injector and synchronize.*See* "Installation sequence" on page 42, "First Network Injector synchronization with RCS server" on page 54

To check all addresses, open RCS Console, **System** section, **Network Injector** and view data for each Network Injector. *See "Network Injector data"* on page 107.

Uninstall

To uninstall a Network Injector Appliance, simply delete the object in RCS Console and turn off the device.

See "Managing the Network Injector" on page 105

What you should know about Tactical Network Injector

Introduction

Tactical Network Injector is a notebook for tactical installation on LAN or WiFi networks. Furthermore, it can be used to unlock the target computer's operating system password to permit physical infections (i.e.: via Silent Installer).

Tactical Network Injector uses Network Injector - Tactical Device as an operating system and Tactical Control Center for control software.



NOTE: Tactical Network Injector is supplied installed and ready for use, complete with disk encryption and all the foreseen applications.

Main functions

Tactical Network Injector identifies devices in a WiFi or wired network and injects agents. It works based on identification (automatic or manual) or injection rules set in RCS Console. It can also connect to protected WiFi networks emulate WiFi network Access Points and unlock the operating system password.

Tactical Network Injector communicates with RCS every 30 seconds to receive identification and infection rules and send status and logs.

Its Tactical Control Center control software can be set for remote access.

Network connections

Tactical Network Injector requires two network connections: one to tap the target's traffic and the other to inject agents and communicate with the RCS server.



Tip: after setup, Tactical Network Injector is independent. Internet connection is required to obtain updated rules from RCS and send logs (synchronization).

Standard connection layout

Typical WiFi layout where Tactical Network Injector is connected to the same WiFi network as target devices.

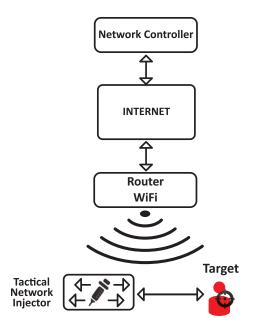


Figure 1: Tactical Network Injector: standard connection layout

Access point emulation connection diagram

Typical layout in WiFi where Tactical Network Injector emulates the open WiFi network access point to attract target devices.

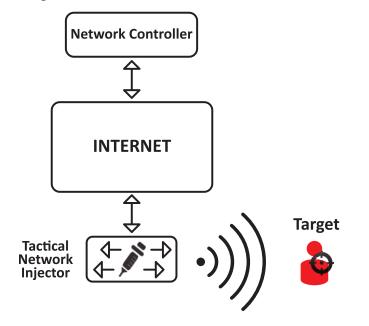


Figure 2: Tactical Network Injector: access point emulation diagram

Tactical Network Injector installation

Introduction

Tactical Network Injector is supplied with pre-installed and set Tactical Device operating system and Tactical Control Center control software. It must be synchronized with RCS server.



IMPORTANT: installation requires the Master Node authentication files and synchronization requires the creation of Network Injector on RCS Console. Be well prepared for installations far from the operating center.

Package content

The package includes a notebook and installation CD.

Installation sequence

The full installation sequence is provided below:

Step	Action	Paragraph
1	Installing the Tactical Device operating system	"Operating system installation and settings" below
	NOTE: the operating system is already installed at purchase.	
2	Synchronizing Network Injector with RCS server	"First Network Injector synchronization with RCS server" on page 54
3	Checking Network Injector status	" Checking Network Injector status " on page 55

Operating system installation and settings

Tactical Network Injector is supplied installed and ready for use, complete with all the foreseen applications. It can also be installed using a restore disk.

The procedure is described below:

 Steps
 Result

 1. Connect the computer to the network using an Ethernet cable and insert the installation CD.

Steps

Result

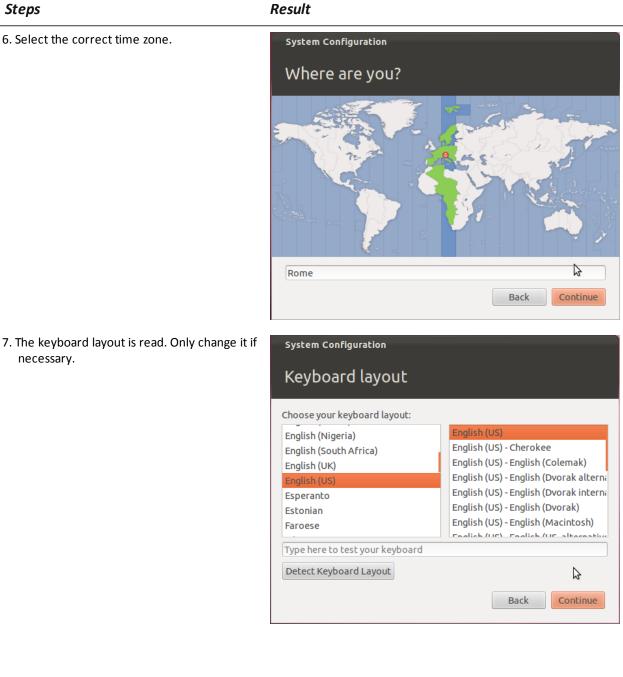
2. Select Tactical Device for notebook version installation: operating system installation is launched and the computer shuts down when finished.



IMPORTANT: the computer must remain connected to the internet during the entire installation process.

- 3. Reboot the notebook; enter the *passphrase* to unlock the encrypted disk. The passphrase for first boot is "firstboot".
- 4. The first setup window appears.
- 5. Select the language.

System Configuration					
Welcome					
Asturianu	Bahasa Indonesia	Bosanski			
Català	Čeština	Dansk			
Deutsch	Eesti	English			
Español	Esperanto	Euskara			
Français	Gaeilge	Galego			
Hrvatski	Íslenska	Italiano			
Kurdî	Latviski	Lietuviškai			
Magyar	Nederlands	Norsk bokmål			
		Back Continue			



Steps	Result
 Enter user data: operating system setup starts. 	System Configuration
WARNING: if you lose your password you must re-	Who are you?
install Tactical Network Injector.	Your name:
IMPORTANT: the entered	The name it uses when it talks to other computers. Pick a username: Username
password becomes the disk encryption passphrase requested each time the	Choose a password: Password Confirm your password: Confirm password
notebook is turned on. The password is also requested	 Log in automatically Require my password to log in
at user login.	Encrypt my home folder
	Back Continue
9. The standard login page appears at the end	

 The standard login page appears at the end of operating system installation. The Tactical Control Center operating system and control software are installed on the computer.

Changing the IP address

If the Network Injector device IP address changed, reinstall Network Injector and run first synchronization. See "Installation sequence" on page 49, "First Network Injector synchronization with RCS server" on page 54

To check all addresses, open RCS Console, **System** section, **Network Injector** and view data for each Network Injector. See "Network Injector data" on page 107

Uninstall

To uninstall Tactical Control Center, simply remove it from the computer. To uninstall a Tactical Network Injector, simply delete the object in RCS Console and turn off the device. *See "Managing the Network Injector" on page 105*

Other applications installed on Network Injectors

Introduction

Network Injectors come with some helpful third party applications installed.

Applications

Following are the applications installed on Tactical Network Injector and Network Injector Appliance:



NOTE: for application instructions, refer to the documents issued by the application manufacturers.

Disniff	Tool packet to tap unsafe network traffic
hping3	Network traffic generator
Kismet	Monitoring tool for Wireless 802.11b networks
Macchanger	Network interface MAC address changer tool
Nbtscan	Network scanner for information on NetBIOS names
Netdiscover	Active/passive network address scanner using ARP requests
Ngrep	Network traffic grep
Nmap	Network Mapper
POf	Passive OS fingerprinting tool
SsIsniff	Man-in-the-middle attack tool for SSL/TLS network traffic
Sslstrip	Man-in-the-middle attack and hijacking tool for SSL/TLS network traffic
Tcpdump	Network traffic analyzer from command prompt
Wireshark	Network traffic analyzer
Xprobe	Remote OS identifier tool

Application name Description

Tactical Control Center and Appliance Control Center commands

Introduction

Some terminal commands are available to manage Tactical Control Center and Appliance Control Center applications.



NOTE: Administrator privileges are required to run commands.

Commands

Commands available for Tactical Control Center and Appliance Control Center are described below:

Tactical Control Center command	Appliance Control Center command	Function
tactical	appliance	Starts the application.
tactical -d or tacticaldesync	appliance -d or appliancedesync	Disconnects the system from the currently synchronized RCS server.
tactical -1 or	appliance -l or	Displays current infection process logs.
tacticallog	appliancelog	NOTE: the application window must be open.
tactical -s or tacticalshow- logs	appliance -s or applianceshow- logs	Displays all log files saved in file system.
tactical – r or tactical –-report	appliance – r or appliance –-report	Creates a system report and saves it in the user's Home folder.
tactical – v _{Or} Tactical –-version	appliance – v _{Or} appliance –-version	Displays the application version.
tactical -h or	appliance -h or	Displays available commands.
tacticalhelp	appliancehelp	

First Network Injector synchronization with RCS server

Introduction

First Network Injector synchronization is required to allow the technician to create sniffing and injection rules and to include the device in Network Controller polling. Once installed and synchronized, Network Injector communicates its status to Network Controller every 30 seconds.

Synchronizing a Network Injector with RCS server

To complete Network Injector installation, synchronize Network Injector with the RCS server. Following is the procedure for both Network Injector Appliance and Tactical Network Injector:

Step Action

1 Connect Network Injector to the network and from Network Manager, Connection information identify its IP address



NOTE: the IP address must be accessible from RCS server. Check by pinging from RCS Collector. If there is a firewall between RCS server and the Network Injector, open port 443.

- 2 Open Appliance Control Center or Tactical Control Center and click Config
- 3 From RCS Console, in the System section, Network Injector, click New Injector.
- 4 Compile the required data entering the Network Injector IP address in the Address field and click Save

See "Network Injector data" on page 107

Result: the Network Injector appears in the list and the new object to be monitored is added to the Monitor section.

5 Check Network Injector status in the **Monitor** section. *See* "*Checking Network Injector status*" *below*

Checking Network Injector status

Introduction

Network Injector synchronizes with the RCS server to download updated control software versions, identification and injection rules and - at the same time - send their logs.

Network Injector status can be monitored from RCS Console.

Specifically:

- in the Monitor section: to identify when Network Injector is synchronized and thus available for data exchanges.
- in the **System** section, **Network Injector**: to view the logs sent by Network Injector.

Identifying when Network Injector is synchronized

The procedure is described below:

Step Action

- 1 In the **Monitor** section, select the Network Injector object row to be analyzed. Check the **Status** column: if flagged green, the Network Injector is synchronized.
 - This situation occurs when on Control Center software (Appliance or Tactical):
 - Config was clicked, the operator manually queued for new rules or updates;
 - Start was clicked or an infection is in progress.



IMPORTANT: applied rules and updates can only be received from RCS when Network Injector is synchronized.

Viewing Network Injector logs

The procedure is described below:

Step Action

1 In the **System** section, **Network Injector**, select the Network Injector to be analyzed, double-click and click **Edit**

Result: a window opens with Network Injector data and saved logs. *See* "*Network Injector data*" on page 107



NOTE: logs are only received and displayed if Network Injector is synchronized.

Additional component installation

Introduction

Shard databases (for large data volumes) and additional Collectors (one per each Anonymizer chain) can be added.



Service call: distributed architecture design must be checked with HackingTeam support service.

Additional component installation requirements

Before installing additional components, complete Master Node and Collector installation. *See "RCS server installation" on page 20*.

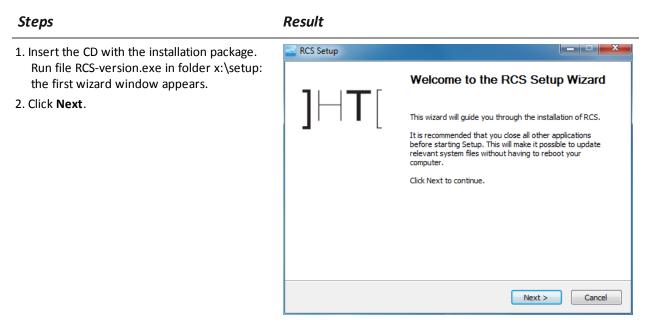
Installation sequence

The complete additional component installation sequence is described below:

Step	Action	Machine	
1	Prepare that indicated in installation requirements.	-	
2	Install additional Shard databases.	server in back end envir-	
3	Check installation logs.	onment	
4	Install additional Collectors.	server in front end envir-	
5	Check installation logs.	onment	
6	Check for the installed objects in the System , Backend and Frontend sections.	RCS Console	

Additional Shard database installation

To install an additional Shard database in back end environment:



RCS 9.4 - Additional Shard database installation

Steps Result - - × 3. Select Shard. **RCS Setup** 4. Click Next. Installation Type RCS Components selection Backend: Master Node The Application Server and the primary node for the Database. V Shard Distributed single shard of the Database. It needs at least one Master node to be connected to. Frontend: Collector Service responsible for the data collection from the agents. It has to be exposed on internet with a public IP address.]HackingTeam[RCS (2012010401) -< Back Next > Cancel **— — ×** 5. Enter the System administrator's password. **RCS Setup** 6. Click Next: when installation has completed, Configuration settings: Admin account RCS Please enter configuration settings. services are started and are ready to receive data and communicate with the RCS Console. Account for the 'admin' user: Password:]HackingTeam[RCS (2012010401) -< Back Next > Cancel

Steps

Result

7. Enter the Master Node server name or IP
address (i.e.: RCSMasterNode).

8. Click Install: when installation has
completed, services start and attempt to
communicate with Master Node. The server
in back end environment is protected and
any remote login is redirected

RCS Setup			×
Configuration s Please enter co	ettings nfiguration settings.		RCS
Address of the I	Master Node:		
Hostname:	MasterFEserver]
]HackingTeam[RC:	ə (2012010401) ————	< Back Install	Cancel



NOTE: if the server name or IP address needs to be changed after installation due to faults *see "Editing Master Node settings"* on page 72.

Additional Collector installation

To install several Collectors in front end environment:

Steps

Result

1. Insert the CD with the installation package.	RCS Setup	
Run file RCS-version.exe in folder x:\setup: the first wizard window appears.2. Click Next.]⊢T[Welcome to the RCS Setup Wizard This wizard will guide you through the installation of RCS. It is recommended that you dose all other applications before starting Setup. This will make it possible to update relevant system files without having to reboot your computer. Click Next to continue.
		Next > Cancel

RCS 9.4 - Additional Collector installation

Steps

3. Select Collector.

Result

3. Select Collector.	RCS Setup	<u> </u>
NOTE: all Collector services are automatically installed.	Installation Type Components selection	RCS
	Backend:	
4. Click Next.	Master Node	
	The Application Server and the primary node for the Database.	
	Shard	
	Distributed single shard of the Database. It needs at least one Master node to be connected to.	2
	Frontend:	
	Collector	
	Service responsible for the data collection from the agents. It has to be exposed internet with a public IP address.	on
	and the second of the second of the second second second and the first second sec	-
]HackingTeam[RCS (2012010401)	
	<back next=""> Canc</back>	a –
 5. Enter the system administrator password indicated in Master Node installation. 6. Click Next: installation is launched. 	Configuration settings: Admin account Please enter configuration settings,	RCS
	Account for the 'admin' user:	
	Password: •••••	
]HackingTeam[RC5 (2012010401)	
	<back next=""> Canc</back>	el

Steps

Result

7. Enter the Master Node server nan	ne or l	Ρ
address (i.e.: RCSMasterNode).		

8. Click **Install**: when installation has completed, services start and attempt to communicate with Master Node. The server in back end environment is protected and any remote login is redirected

CS Setup		
Configuration s Please enter co	ettings nfiguration settings.	RCS
Address of the I	Master Node:	
Hostname:	MasterFEserver	
]HackingTeam[RC	5 (2012010401)	
	< Back Install	Cancel

Checking service start

Make sure all RCS services are up and running. If services are not running, manually start them.

IMPORTANT: Collector only accepts connections if the Windows firewall is running.

See "List of RCS services" on page 26

Checking installation logs

If errors occur during installation, check logs and send them to support service if necessary. See "System logs" on page 77

Check IP addresses

To check all addresses, start the RCS Console, **System** section, **Frontend:** Collector addresses appear on the screen. *See "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37*

Uninstall

RCS can be uninstalled from the Windows Control Panel.



CAUTION: data is lost when a Shard database is uninstalled. For correct operations, backup data. See "Backup management" on page 101.



NOTE: data will not be lost when a Collector is uninstalled.

Routine maintenance and software updates

Presentation

Introduction

Routine maintenance includes RCS updates and operations scheduled or indicated by support service for system performance upkeep.

WARNING: lack of maintenance may cause unforeseeable system behavior.

Content

This section includes the following topics:

63
63
64
64
65
65
67

What you should know about RCS maintenance

Receiving updates

Support service publishes the update package on the support portal for every RCS software release. The package can be linked to a new license file that may be required during the update procedure.

Download the package and complete the update procedures.

Updating machine behavior

During updates, normal system service may not be guaranteed.

All data normally received and managed by the updating machine are kept for the required period of time and automatically retrieved as soon as the system resumes normal operations.

Routine maintenance procedures

Introduction

Procedure recommended to keep system performance high are provided below.



WARNING: lack of maintenance may cause unforeseeable system behavior.

Check and delete log files

Purpose: check the amount of log files and delete the older ones to avoid occupying excessive disk space.

Suggested frequency: depends on the amount of agents being monitored. Checking disk space once a month may be sufficient.

Checking available backup disk space

Purpose: routinely check the backup disk based on the quantity and frequency of backups set in the **RCS Console System section.**

Recommended frequency: depends on backup frequency and size.

Linux operating system updates

Purpose: keep Linux operating systems installed on the VPS that host Anonymizers and Network Injectors constantly updated.

RCS server update

Update requirements

As a precaution, follow the steps below before updating RCS server:

Step Action

- 1 Stop all RCS services. See "List of RCS services" on page 26.
- 2 Create a copy of the entire folder contentC:\RCS\ the Master Node and any additional Shards.
- **3** When copied, restart RCS services.

Update methods

Once the installer is launched, it identifies machine components and suggests automatic update.

RCS server(s) update

IMPORTANT: the hardware key must always be inserted in the server.

To update RCS, repeat the following steps for each server:

Step Action

- 1 Run the rcs-Version.exe installation file: the list of installed components that will be automatically updated appears. Click **Next**.
- 2 Select the new license file from the installation package. Click **Next**.

RCS Console update

Update requirements

No data is saved in RCS Console. The software can thus be updated without any special precaution.

RCS Console update

The console is automatically updated by the server, if necessary, after each login. As an alternative, repeat the installation procedure using the files in the new installation package. See "RCS Console installation " on page 27

Anonymizer update

Update requirements

No data is saved in Anonymizers. The software can thus be updated without any special precaution.

Anonymizer update

In **RCS Console**, in section **System**, **Frontend** select the Anonymizer to be updated and click **Update**.



If the update fails, repeat the installation procedure using the files found in the new installation packet.

See "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37

Network Injector Appliance update

Introduction

There are three ways to update Network Injector Appliance:

- fully, including the operating system, see "Full Network Injector Appliance update" below
- partially, saving data, with an infection in progress see "Partial update with infection in progress " on the facing page
- partially, saving data, without an infection in progress see "Partial update without infection in progress" on the facing page

Full Network Injector Appliance update



CAUTION: updating deletes all data on the machine.

If you have the updated .iso file, run the following procedure to install the operating system update:

Step Action

1 Insert the installation CD with the new operating system version and boot from CD: disk content will be deleted and both the operating system and Network Injector files will be re-installed. This procedures takes about 20 minutes.



IMPORTANT: select Network Appliance for server version installation.

2 Reboot the server: the procedure must be confirmed.



CAUTION: the entire hard disk will be deleted.

Result: Network Injector Appliance is installed.

Partial update with infection in progress

These are the phases in updating Appliance Control Center software when an infection is in progress:



IMPORTANT: to update, first synchronize Network Injector and RCS server. See "First Network Injector synchronization with RCS server" on page 54

IMPORTANT: make sure the device to be updated is connected to Internet to download and additional packets required for the update.

Phase Description

- 1 From RCS Console, in the System, Network Injector section, select the Network Injector to be updated and click Update
- 2 Since an infection is in progress, Network Injector immediately receives the update and automatically installs it.



NOTE: the installation phase only starts if the application window is closed.

When the update is completed, the infection is restarted with the updated software.

Partial update without infection in progress

These are the phases in updating Appliance Control Center software when an infection is not in progress:



IMPORTANT: make sure the device to be updated is connected to Internet to download and additional packets required for the update.

Step	Action		
1. From RCS Console, in the System , Network Injector section, select the Network Injector to be updated and click Update			
2. Open Appliance Control Center	-		
 In the Network Injector tab, click Config: synchronization is enabled. 	Appliance Control Center Network Injector System Management Log System		
	Injecting interface: eth0 (Cable connected) Sniffing interface: Use the same interface Public IP: auto Automatic startup	V V	Refresh Link test
	Waiting for the new configuration and update please wait	Stop	Dulos Start
	Waiting for the new configuration and update, please wait	Stop	Rules Start
 During synchronization, RCS queries Network Injector every 30 seconds. A message appears at the end of the first interval requesting consent to install. 	Appliance Control Center Network Injector System Management Log System Injecting interface: eth0 (Cable connected)		Rules Start Refresh
Network Injector every 30 seconds. A message appears at the end of the first	Appliance Control Center Network Injector System Management Log System Injecting interface: eth0 (Cable connected) Sniffing interface: Use the sa Public IP: auto Automa Automa New update available Please verifyyour Internet connection f because it is required for the software dependencies update	v Tirst,	

6. When the update is completed, Appliance Control Center reboots.

Tactical Network Injector update

Introduction

There are two ways to update Tactical Network Injector:

• fully, including the operating system, see "Full Tactical Network Injector update " on the facing page

• partially see "Partial update " below

Full Tactical Network Injector update

CAUTION: updating deletes all data on the machine.

If you have the updated .iso file, run the following procedure to install the operating system update:

Step Action

1 Insert the installation CD with the new operating system version and boot from CD: disk content will be deleted and both the operating system and Network Injector files will be re-installed. This procedures takes about 20 minutes.



IMPORTANT: select Tactical Device notebook version installation.

2 Reboot the server: the procedure must be confirmed.

CAUTION: the entire hard disk will be deleted.

Result: Network Injector Appliance is installed.

Partial update

These are the Tactical Control Center update phases:



IMPORTANT: make sure the device to be updated is connected to Internet to download and additional packets required for the update.

Step

Action

- 1. From **RCS Console**, in the **System**, **Network Injector** section, select the Network Injector to be updated and click **Update**
- 2. Open Tactical Control Center

Action

3. In the Network Injector tab, click Config:	Tactical Control Center Network Injector Wireless Intruder Fake Access Point Physical Unlock System Management Log System			
synchronization is enabled.	Injecting interface: wlan0 (Connected toSMSM)			
	Sniffing interface: wlan1 (External 802.11 WiFi device) - Signal: 82%			
	Link test			
	Waiting for the new configuration and update, please wait Stop Rules Start Network filters			
	Status HW address IP address Vendor Hostname OS Browser Last web traffic Last web attack Reauth all Infect all Infect all Infect all			
. During synchronization, RCS queries Network Injector every 30 seconds. A message appears at the end of the first	Network Injector Wireless Intruder Fake Access Point Physical Unlock System Injecting Interface: wlan0 (Connected toSMSM) Signal: 72% Refresh Sniffing Interface: wlan1 (External 802.11 WiFi device) Signal: 82% Signal: 82%			
interval requesting consent to install.	Link test			
NOTE: if the update is not installed, an installation authorization request will appear the next time Tactical Control Center is booted.	Vour configuration is up to date. Software Update is available. Stop Rules Start Network filters			

Reauth all

Infect all

5. Install the update.

Step

6. When the update is completed, Tactical Control Center reboots.

Editing Master Node and Collector settings

Presentation

Introduction

Component settings can be edited after installation if needed.

Content

This section includes the following topics:

What you should know about settings	
Setup utilities	
Editing Master Node settings	
Editing the Collector configuration	
Settings check	
-	

What you should know about settings

What you can edit

The following Master Node and Collector installation data can be edited:

- the Master Node name/IP address
- System administrator's password
- backup folder
- The outgoing mail server to send alert e-mails

When to edit settings

The name/IP address or password may need to be changed when servers are replaced or simply due to incorrect data entry during installation.



IMPORTANT: specifying a different backup folder, for example on a remote device, is highly recommended to protect backup data.

Order used to edit settings

Since the server where Master Node is installed is the system "master", the following order must be followed to change the installation:

- 1. Change the Master Node name/IP address or password
- 2. Inform the Collector of the new Master Node name/IP address or password

Mail server settings

The RCS system can be set to send e-mail when the first pieces of evidence is received from a target. E-mail addressees must have Analyst privileges and belong to the alerting group set for that operation.

To do this, set the sender settings of the outgoing mail server and, especially, the required authentication level.

See "Setup utilities" below

Setup utilities

RCS utilities

Setup is run through some utilities in the Windows command prompt in folder C:\RCS\DB\bin or C:\RCS\Collector\bin (based on the type of installation).

Component setup utilities include:

- for Master Node: rcs-db-config
- for Collector: rcs-collector-config

Utility command syntax

Utility command syntax is the following:

> rcs-db-config -x AAA

> rcs-collector-config -x AAA

Where:

- -x: selected option
- AAA: entered value

Other options

For prompt diagnostics, support service can request additional commands be launched. For the correct syntax, enter:

> rcs-db-config --help

> rcs-collector-config --help

Service call: only use the other options if indicated by support service.



Tip: syntax "-x" is the short version of syntax "--xxxxx": "rcs-db-config -n" is the same as "rcs-db-config --CN"

Editing Master Node settings

From folder C:\RCS\DB\bin or C:\RCS\Collector\bin (based on the type of installation) enter the following commands:

To edit	Enter		
the Master Node	> rcs-db-config -n Name -g		
name/IP address	or		
	> rcs-db-config -n <i>IPaddress</i> -g		
	Result : certificates are updated and appear in folder \RCS\DB\config\certs. Collector settings must also be edited. <i>See "Editing the Collector configuration" on the next page</i>		
the system user	> rcs-db-config -R <i>Username</i>		
password	Result : the new password is requested that will be saved in the database. This operation automatically renews the password expiration date.		

To edit	Enter
backup folder	> rcs-db-config -B <i>Folder</i>
	NOTE: " <i>Folder</i> " can be a path for the RCS\db folder or an absolute path.
	IMPORTANT: any backup files in the previously set folder will be copied to the new one.
	Result: all subsequent backup files are saved in the new folder.
	Tip: a remote device can be installed in an NTFS folder using Windows Disk Manager : this way, a remote disk can be used for backup.
outgoing mail	> rcs-db-config -M -server HostName:PortNumber
server settings for	to set the outgoing main server name and port to be used.
alert e-mails	> rcs-db-config -from <i>senderEmail</i>
	to set the alert e-mail sender's e-mail (i.e.: "alert@myplace.com").
	> rcs-db-config -user
	To set the e-mail sender's user name.
	> rcs-db-config -pass <i>Password</i>
	To set his password.
	<pre>> rcs-db-config -auth AuthenticationType</pre>
	To set the type of authentication to be used ("plain", "login" or "cram_ md5").

Editing the Collector configuration

From folder C:\RCS\DB\bin or C:\RCS\Collector\bin (based on the type of installation) enter the following commands:

То	Enter
communicate the new Master Node name/IP address	<pre>> rcs-collector-config -d Name -u admin - p Password -t or</pre>
	> rcs-collector-config -d <i>IPaddress -</i> u admin -p <i>Password</i> -t
	IMPORTANT: " <i>Password</i> " must match the one used to login to Master Node.
	Result : certificates are restored in folder \RCS\DB\config\certs.

Settings check

Previous and current settings can be checked using RCS utilities.

To check previous and current settings, launch the relevant utilities without any option:

> rcs-db-config

> rcs-collector-config

Example of settings check output

An example of a check is given below:

```
Current configuration:
{"CA_PEM"=>"rcs.pem",
"DB_CERT"=>"rcs-db.crt",
"DB_KEY"=>"rcs-db.key",
"LISTENING_PORT"=>443,
"HB_INTERVAL"=>30,
"WORKER_PORT"=>5150,
"CN"=>"172.20.20.157",
"BACKUP_DIR"=>"backup",
"PERF"=>true,
"SMTP"=>"mail.abc.com:25",
"SMTP_FROM"=>"alert@abc.com",
"SHARD"=>"shard0000"}
```

8

Troubleshooting

Presentation

Introduction

RCS is a system where the greatest focus must be on collected data transmission, decoding and saving. RCS design focuses on preventing any data loss and quickly managing potential errors that may occur.

Content

This section includes the following topics:

Potential faults	76
System logs	77
Component status check procedure	
Service restart procedures	81
Hardware component service procedures	

Potential faults

Potential installation faults

Following is a list of potential faults that may occur during installation and recommended actions:

lf	lf Then				
installation does not progress	make sure the hardware key is correctly inserted.				
RCS console cannot connect to the server	 Make sure you logged in with the System administrator's name, password and name of the server where Master Node was installed. 				
	orcheck the Master Node log file to check for any errors.				

Possible server problems

Following is a list of potential faults that may occur during product use and recommended actions:

lf	And	Then
cannot con- nect to Master Node	the hardware key is correctly inserted but Master Node service does not start	 check Master Node service status. request a substitute pro- tection key.
data no longer arrives from agents	from RCS Console the Collector is running and correctly communicates	check Collector status.
The Master Node is not available	The Collector is running	 check whether an update is in progress check the Collector log file
images are not converted into text	the OCR module is installed	check slowing in the module log and install another OCR module.
The Collector is not avail- able	-	restart RCS Collector service.

lf	And	Then
data is queued in the Master Node	the most recent data does not appear on RCS	check Worker service status, for Master Node and other Shards, and the services it depends on.
Network Con- troller indic- ates an error	-	login to the concerned Collector machine and check the log file.

Potential backup problems

Following is a list of potential faults that may occur during backup and recommended actions:

lf... Then...

backup status is **error** check available disk space and manually restart backup.

To learn more

To check component status see "Component status check procedure" on page 79 To restart services See "Service restart procedures " on page 81

System logs

Introduction

Each RCS component generates daily logs that help to analyze possible fault or error causes. File content analysis lets you follow RCS operations step by step to find the causes of any errors (i.e.: service started but immediately stopped).

Log analysis utility

The reasons that can lead to log analysis are provided below:

Component	Analysis reason
Master Node	Check problems with RCS Console.
Collector	Check data reception from agents.
Carrier	Checks data delivery to shards and the Master Node.
OCR module	Check for any slowed indexing in exported content.
Translate module	Check for any slowed content translation.
Network Controller	Check Network Injector or Anonymizer status.

Component	Analysis reason
Network Injector	Check completed operations.
Anonymizer	Check incoming data flow from agents.

Log file example

The log file name has the following syntax: *component* yyyy-mm-dd.log (i.e.: rcs-dbdb 2012-02-04.log)

RCS log files

Log files generate by components in full installation are provided below:

Component	Folder
Master Node	C:\RCS\DB\log
Collector	C:\RCS\Collector\log
Carrier	C:\RCS\Collector\log
OCR module	C:\RCS\DB\log
Translate module	C:\RCS\DB\log
Network Controller	C:\RCS\Collector\log
Network Injector	/var/log/syslog
Anonymizer	/var/log

WARNING: the lack of log files indicates incomplete installation.

Quick log display

BareTail, an application that lets you immediately view the content of several log files, is included in the RCS installation.

To run BareTail, enter:

> rcs-db-log

Log file content

Each record is identified by one of the following levels of severity:

Severity level	Description
Fatal	RCS is not running and requires service (i.e.: no settings, no certificates).
Error	There is a component error but RCS can guarantee main service coverage (i.e.: Master Node not running).
Debug	It only appears if enabled upon support service indication, increases and provides more details on log records to resolve problems.
Info	information note.

Component status check procedure

Introduction

Typical procedures on how to check hardware and software status are provided below.

Installed license check

Check all licenses installed in RCS, including updates.

Command

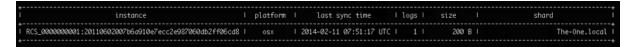
In folder C:\RCS\DB\bin enter rcs-db-license

Master Node status check

Make sure Master Node is routinely communicating data to databases via Worker services.

Command

In folder C:\RCS\DB\bin enter **rcs-db-queue. Result**: an example is provided below .



What to check

If the *logs* and *size* values begin to significantly increase, this may be due to Worker service that is not running. Check status on each Worker service.

Checking Worker service status

Make sure that Worker service is correctly running to decode and save data in databases.

Command

In folder C:\RCS\DB\bin enter rcs-db-queue.

Check agent status via Collector

Make sure agents are routinely communicating their status to RCS and that they are sending their data to Collector. Agent data may be lost in the event of a persistent Collector fault.

Command

In folder C:\RCS\Collector\bin enter rcs-collector-queue

Result: the Collector status report appears

Double			{"program"	:"MSN","	Ser SHAPED		
instance ^{int}	subtype		last sync time		status	oodilogs I	size
RCS_0000000001_47170c3e047b6a910e7ecc2e987060db2ff06cd81 RCS_0000000771_47170c3e047b6a910e7ecc2e987060db2ff06cd81	WINDOWS	1 2012		UTC I	IDLE IDLE	nd Imeno 0 I I 0 I	0 B 0 B

What to check

The **Last sync time** must be as recent as possible, compatible with the set synchronization methods for each agent: a recent *Last sync time* indicates that agents correctly communication with Collector. If *Last sync time* is not recent, wait for other synchronizations to see if it is updated. Alternatively, check Collector logs to see whether there are synchronization attempts: in this case inform support service.

The **logs** value must be minimum since it is the data saved by the Collector awaiting to be sent to Master Node via the Carrier. If the value is high, this means that Master Node is not running or is not connected or the Carrier malfunctioned. Check Master Node status and Carrier logs.

If the problem is the connection with Master Node, the number of logs will decrease as soon as the connection is restored.

Network Injector start check

Network Injector logs are normally saved in folder /var/log/syslog.

Check system components

Check system component status and view front end and back end component topology.

Command

In folder C:\RCS\DB\bin enter **rcs-db-status** Use the following command to view the correct syntax and description of all options:

> rcs-db-status --help

Support service file creation

Create a .zip file with all the information required for technical support.

Command

In folderC:\RCS\DB\bin or C:\RCS\Collector\bin enter **rcs-db-diagnostic** or **rcs-collectordiagnostic** respectively. Use the following command to view the correct syntax and description of all options:

> rcs-db-diagnostic --help

> rcs-collector-diagnostic --help

For example, the --hide-addresses option lets you delete all references to IP addresses or domain names in files.

To learn more

To view logs see "System logs" on page 77

Service restart procedures

Introduction

In the event of faults, services can be restarted using this utility instead of using the Windows Service Management function.



IMPORTANT: to restart services and identify fault causes, take service interdependencies into account. *See "List of RCS services" on page 26*.

Typical ways to start, stop and restart services are provided below.

Service	Commands	
RCSDB	 > rcs-db-service start > rcs-db-service stop > rcs-db-service restart 	
MongoDB	 > rcs-db-mongo-service start > rcs-db-mongo-service stop > rcs-db-mongo-service restart 	

Service	Commands	
Collector	 > rcs-collector-service start > rcs-collector-service stop > rcs-collector-service restart 	
Carrier	 > rcs-carrier-service start > rcs-carrier-service stop > rcs-carrier-service restart 	
Network Controller	 > rcs-controller-service start > rcs-controller-service stop > rcs-controller-service restart 	
Worker	 > rcs-worker-service start > rcs-worker-service stop > rcs-worker-service restart 	
Network Injector	CAUTION: use SSH protocol for all installation, setup and data exchange operations to the remote unit.	
	To restart the service with the same settings or new ones, open Applian Control Center, reset if necessary and reboot the service by clicking Restar	
Anonymizer	CAUTION: use SSH protocol for all installation, setup and data	

To restart the service, enter the following command:

exchange operations to the remote unit.

/etc/init.d/bbproxy restart

To stop the service, enter the following command:

/etc/init.d/bbproxy stop



IMPORTANT: command syntax refers to the Linux CentOS 6 operating system version.

Hardware component service procedures

Introduction

Typical hardware component service procedures to be used in the event of hardware faults are provided below.

Hardware key replacement

If the main hardware key stops working, it must be immediately replaced with the backup key, contained in the supplied package. Contact support service for a license file compatible with the backup key.

Instructions on how to replace and activate a new key are given below:

Phase	Who	Does what
1	the client	informs HackingTeam of the fault.
2	HackingTeam	sends a new license file linked to the backup hardware key.
3	the client	replace the main key with the backup key and start the procedure to assign the new license file.
4	the client	sends the faulty key to HackingTeam.
5	HackingTeam	replace the faulty key with a new backup key and send it to the customer.

Master Node replacement

The recommended procedure is described below:

Step Action

- 1 Restore a server, repeating all installation operations. See "RCS server installation" on page 20
- 2 Select the most recent backup (full or metadata). If the most recent backup is metadata, full backup can be restored later. In fact, the backup is not destructive and supplements the information it has with that present, See "What you should know about backup" on page 98

Shard replacement

The recommended procedure is described below:

Step Action

- 1 Repeat the entire installation procedure. See "RCS server installation" on page 20
- 2 Restore the last full backup. See "Backup management" on page 101

Replacing the Collector

Repeat the entire installation procedure. See "RCS server installation" on page 20

Replacing an Anonymizer

Repeat the entire installation procedure. See "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37

Replacing a Network Injector Appliance

Repeat the entire installation procedure. See "Network Injector Appliance installation" on page 42

Replacing a Tactical Injector Appliance

Repeat the entire installation procedure. See "Tactical Network Injector installation" on page 49

RCS Console for the System administrator

Presentation

System administrator's role

The System Administrator's role is to:

- complete installation with Anonymizer, Network Injector and Backup settings
- check Shard database space
- check Collector, Anonymizer, Network Injector and other system component operations and fix any problems.
- update system components
- manage backup

Enabled functions

To complete his/her assigned activities, the System administrator has access to the following functions:

- System
- Monitor

Content

This section includes the following topics:

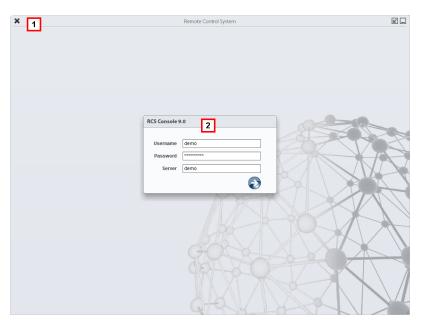
Starting the RCS Console	
Homepage description	
Wizards in the homepage	
Shared interface elements and actions	
Front end management	
File Manager data	
Back end management	
What you should know about backup	
Full backup for serious reasons	
Backup management	
Connector management	
Managing the Network Injector	
Network Injector data	
System monitoring (Monitor)	
System monitoring data (Monitor)	

Starting the RCS Console

When started, RCS Console asks you to enter your credentials previously set by the Administrator.

What the login page looks like

This is what the login page looks like:



Area Description

- **1** Title bar with command buttons:
 - Close RCS Console.

Expand window button.

Shrink window button.

2 Login dialog window.

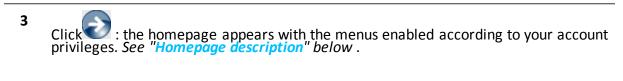
Open RCS Console

To open RCS Console functions:

Step Action

- 1 In **Username** and **Password**, enter the credentials as assigned by the Administrator.
- 2 In Server, enter the name of the machine or server address to connect to.

Step Action



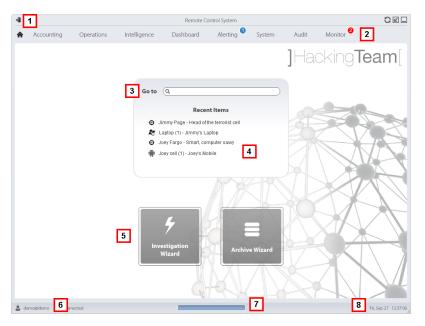
Homepage description

Introduction

The homepage is displayed when the RCS Console is started, and is the same for all users. Enabled menus depend on the privileges assigned to the account.

What it looks like

This is what the homepage looks like, with recently opened items saved. For details on shared elements and actions:



Area Description

- 1 Title bar with command buttons.
- 2 RCS menu with functions enabled for the user.
- **3** Search box to search operations, targets, agents and entities, by name or description.

Area Description

- **4** Links to the last five elements opened (operation in the **Operations** section, operation in the **Intelligence** section, target, agent and entity).
- 5 Wizard buttons.
- **6** Logged in user with possibility of changing the language and password.
- 7 Download area with ability to view progress during export or compiling.
- 8 Current date and time with possibility of changing the time zone.

Wizards in the homepage

To view the homepage:

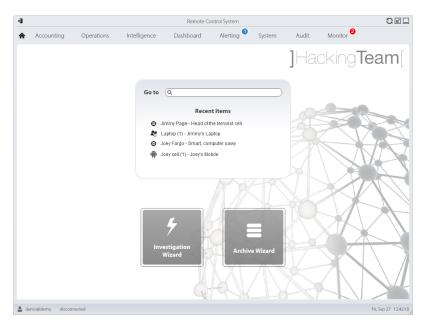


Introduction

For users with certain privileges, RCS Console displays buttons that run wizards.

What it looks like

This is how the homepage is displayed with enabled wizards:



Button	Function



Open the wizard to quickly create an agent.



NOTE: the button is only enabled for users with Administrator and Technician privileges.



Open the wizard to quickly save operation and target data.

NOTE: the button is only enabled for users with Administrator and System Administrator privileges.

Quick Save

This wizard lets you quickly manage open operation or target data to save and delete them from the database.

Data is saved in a backup and can be restored at any time.

Following are explanations of the various options:

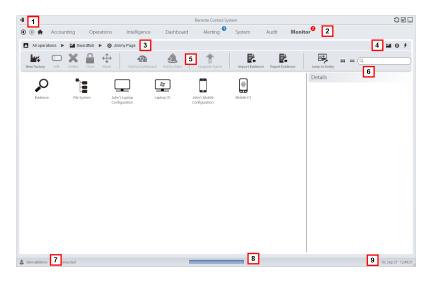
Option	Description
Backup all data	Saves all selected operation or target data in a full type backup file. The backup appears in a programmed backup list and can be restored at any time.
Delete all data from the sys- tem	Deletes all selected operation or target evidence from the database. The operation or target remain open and running Only the database is reduced in size.
	CAUTION: if this option is combined with immediate backup, give the backup a name that clearly indicates that the corresponding evidence was deleted from the system.
Close the object	Close the selected operation or target. CAUTION: the operation or target is closed and cannot be reopened. Agents no longer send data but evidence already received can still be viewed.
Delete the object from the system	Deletes all selected operation or target data. Operation data, targets, agents and all evidence is deleted from databases. CAUTION: deleting an operation/target is irreversible and all data linked to that operation/target is lost.

Shared interface elements and actions

Each program page uses shared elements and allows similar actions to be run. For easier manual comprehension, elements and actions shared by some functions are described in this chapter.

What the RCS Console looks like

This is what a typical RCS Console page looks like. A target page is displayed in this example:





2

Title bar with command buttons: 1

> • Logout from RCS.

Page refresh button.

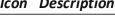
7 Expand window button.

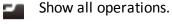
Shrink window button.

- (\mathbf{I}) Back to navigation history button
- $(\mathbf{P}$ Next navigation history button •
- Return to homepage button RCS menu with functions enabled for the user.

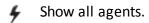
Area Description

Operation navigation bar. Descriptions are provided below: 3 **Icon** Description Back to higher level. Show the operation page (**Operations** section). - 6 θ Show the target page. Show the factory page. h 4 Show the agent page. Show the operation page (Intelligence section). Show the entity page. * Buttons to display all elements regardless of their group membership. Descriptions 4 are provided below: **Icon Description**





Show all targets. Θ



- Show all entities.
- Window toolbar. 5
- Search buttons and box: 6

Object	Description
Q John Doe	Search box. Enter part of the name to display a list of elements that contain the entered letters.
	Display elements in a table.
	Display elements as icons.

Logged in user with possibility of changing the language and password. 7

- **8** Download area with ability to view progress during export or compiling. Files are downloaded to the desktop in RCS Download folder.
 - Top bar: percent generation on server.
 - Bottom bar: percent download from server to RCS Console.
- **9** Current date and time with possibility of changing the time zone.

Actions always available on the interface

Change interface language or password

To change the interface language or password:

Step Action

- 1 Click [7] to display a dialog window with the user's data.
- 2 Change the language or password and click **Save** to confirm and exit.

Converting the RCS Console date-time to the actual time zone

To convert all dates-times to the actual time zone:

Step Action

- Click [9] to display a dialog window with the current date-time.
 UTC time: Greenwich mean time (GMT)
 Local time: date-time where the RCS server is installed
 Console time: date-time of the console used that can be converted.
- 2 Change the time zone and click **Save** to confirm and exit: all displayed dates-times are converted as requested.

Table actions

The RCS Console displays various data in tables. Tables let you:

- sort data by column in increasing/decreasing order
- filter data by column

RCS 9.4 - Table actions

Action	Description					
Sort by column	Click on the column heading to sort that column in increasing or decreasing order.					
	Event Path					
	SYNC Swordfish					
	INSTANCE Swordfish > J					
	EVIDENCE *					
Filter a text	Enter part of the text you are searching for: only elements that contain the entered text appear.					
	☑ Info boss					
	The example shows elements with descriptions like:					
	 "myboss" "bossanova" 					
Sort based on an	Select an option: the elements that match the selected option appear.					
option	✓ Acquired					
	O Last 24 Hours					
	Last Week					
	From / To					
	Action User					
Filter based on several options	Select one or more options: the elements that match all selected options appear.					
	 Low Medium I III III Critical 					
Change the column	Select the edge of the column and drag it.					

Change the column Select the edge of the column and drag it. size

Front end management

To manage the front end: • System section, Frontend

Function scope

When RCS is running, this function lets you monitor the Anonymizers and Collectors, change the Anonymizer and chains settings and update the VPSes.

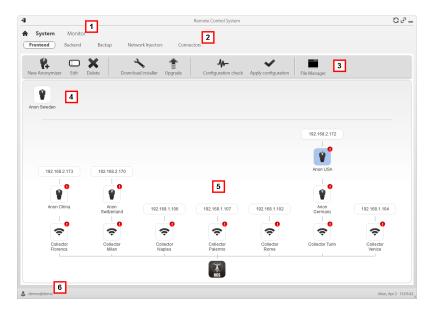
During installation, this function lets you create a new Anonymizer "object" that acts as the logical connection between the RCS Console and the software component to be installed on a VPS.



NOTE: the function is only enabled if the user has **Front end management** authorization.

What the function looks like

This is what the page looks like:



Area Description

- 1 RCS menu.
- 2 System menu.

3

Window toolbar. Descriptions are provided below:

Icon Description



ΓΠ

Create a new Anonymizer.

Edit Anonymizer data. After editing, click **Reload Log**. Show last logs.



Tip: double-click an Anonymizer to check/edit data.



Delete an Anonymizer. This does not delete the Anonymizer installed on the VPS.

It generates the installer for the first Anonymizer installation and saves it on the desktop. Copy the file via SSH to the remote VPS and run it.



Update the Anonymizer software version from remote.



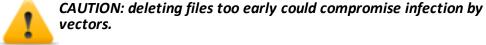
Simulate agent behavior. It connects to each Anonymizer in the chain up to the gateway Collector, and returns connection results.



Update settings on all Anonymizers. This command is used after adding, deleting or changing the Anonymizer chain in use.



It shows packets automatically created on the Collector by Exploit, WAP Push and QR Code vectors made available for the target device. Files that are no longer used can be deleted.

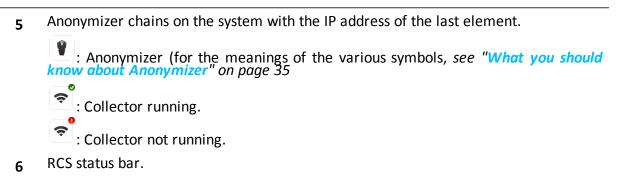


vectors.



NOTE: any files manually copied to the folder do not appear.

Anonymizers set but not yet included in a chain. 4



To learn more

For interface element descriptions *See* "*Shared interface elements and actions*" on page 90. To install, edit or cancel an Anonymizer *see* "*Anonymizer installation and settings*" on page 37.

Adding an Anonymizer to the configuration

To add an Anonymizer see "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37

Editing Anonymizer settings

To edit Anonymizer settings see "Anonymizer installation and settings" on page 37.

File Manager data

Descriptions are provided below:

Description
Vector installation date-time on the device.
File name created by the installer.
Factory that generated the installer.
User who created the installer.

Back end management

To manage back end: • System section, Backend

Function scope

When RCS is running, this function lets you check database status and available disk space.



NOTE: the function is only enabled if the user has **Back end management** authorization.

What the function looks like

This is what the page looks like:

4	Remote Control System	0 <i>2</i> =
System Monitor	tworkInjectors Connectors	
Compact DB		
	shard0000	
	Data Size: 135.3 MiB On Disk: 269.5 MiB	
	shard-server-a:27018	
5		Mon, Apr 2 14:21:07

Area Description

- 1 RCS menu.
- 2 System menu.
- **3** Window toolbar. Descriptions are provided below:



Description Zip the database.

4 Shard database structure with status, occupied and free disk space.



NOTE: database 0 is the one included in MasterNode.

5 RCS status bar.

To learn more

For interface element descriptions *See* "*Shared interface elements and actions*" on page 90. For further information on backups *see* "*What you should know about backup*" *below*.

Significant Shard database data

Selected Shard database data is described below:

Field	Description
Occupied space.	Occupied space.
Total space	Total Shard device space.
serverName _: port	Shard server port

What you should know about backup

Management responsibilities

The System administrator must protect logged data and set frequency for the various types of backups.

Backup methods

RCS saves all data in databases in the specified folder when editing RCS settings. *See "Editing Master Node settings"* on page 72

A backup can save one or more types of data. Backup types are:

- metadata
- full
- operation
- target

Metadata type backup

The metadata backup type is fast and saves the entire system configuration, allowing normal system operations to be quickly restored in the event of problems. This type of backup does not include collected evidence. Daily backup is recommended.



WARNING: agents installed on various devices may be lost without a recent metadata backup.



NOTE: the job that runs weekly metadata backup is set by default and enabled whenever the system is rebooted. The default job cannot be deleted.

Full type backup

Full backup contains all evidence, therefore this could take a long time. Since it can be restored after a metadata backup, it is recommended once a month.

Operation type backup

The **operation** backup saves all open and closed operations. Since it can be restored after a metadata backup, it is recommended once a month.

Target type backup

The **target** backup saves all opened and closed target data. Since it can be restored after a metadata backup, it is recommended once a month.

Incremental backup

Full, **operation** and **target** backups can also be incremental. This way the system saves data generated from the date-time of the last backup. The first incremental backup is always complete (full, operation or target). Only subsequent ones can be incremental.



NOTE: if the incremental option is removed and reapplied to a job, the next backup of that job will be complete.



Tip: name the job so it is later recognized as an incremental backup (i.e.: "Increm_ lastWeek").



We suggest you run a complete backup (full, operation or target) once a month and an incremental backup once a week.

Backup restore for severe reasons



CAUTION: restoring a backup should only be considered in severe situations such as replacing a database.

A backup must be restored whenever a server is replaced.

Backup data restore



IMPORTANT: backup restore is never destructive. For this reason, restore should not be used to restore accidentally changed elements.

Some examples are provided below:

If after the last backup	Then restore
--------------------------	--------------

an element was deleted restores the deleted element.

an element was edited leaves the element changed.

a new element was added leaves the element changed.



IMPORTANT: backup does not restore information on operations that were erroneously closed (deleted).

IMPORTANT: to restore an incremental backup, restore them all starting with the oldest.

Full backup for serious reasons

Introduction

In extreme cases (i.e.: server migration to different hardware, corrupted data restore), run full backup.

Run backup

How to run backup:

Step Action

- 1 Stop all RCS services.
- 2 Create a full copy of folderC:\RCS\.

Restore backup

How to run restore:

Step	Action		

- **1** Install an RCS system as if it were new.
- 2 Stop all RCS services.
- **3** Replace the new folder C:\RCS\ with the previously copied one.
- 4 Restart services.

Backup management

To manage backups: • System section, Backup

Function scope

When RCS is running, this function lets you check the last backup status, create new backup processes or immediately run a backup process.

During RCS maintenance, this function lets you fix damaged data restoring them with a backup.



NOTE: the function is only enabled with System backup and restore permissions.

What the function looks like

This is what the page looks like:

F	System Monitor 2	letwork Injectors Connectors 2]			
Nes	W Backup Job Edit Delete Run Now	Manage Backups				
'n	Name	What	Incremental	When	Last Run 🔻	Status
4	meta-data	metadata		Everyday at 12:30	2011-10-11 12:31	COMPLETED
1	blackjack	operation 'Swordfish'		Every Mon Wed Fri at 00:00	2011-10-10 00:05	ERROR
1	full-evidence	full		Every Sun at 00:00	2011-10-09 00:00	RUNNING
1	oritical	target 'Swordfish' 4		Every 1 of the month at 00:00	2011-10-01 00:00	COMPLETED
		L.				



- 1 RCS menu.
- 2 System menu.

3 Backup process toolbar. Descriptions are provided below:

Icon Description



Add a backup process.



Edit a backup process, for example, to disable it or change its frequency.

IMPORTANT: do not use this function to change the type of data processed. It is better to disable the process and create a new one with a matching name.



Delete a backup process. Does not delete the backup files generated by the process.



Run backup even if disabled.



View the list of completed backups. Keys are described below:



restore data from the selected backup file.

CAUTION: restoring data is a delicate operation. Make sure you have fully understood RCS restore mechanisms.See "What you should know about backup" on page 98



delete the selected backup.

- **4** List of programmed backup processes (enabled and non) with last backup status.
- 5 RCS status bar.

Significant backup process data

The selected backup process data is described below:

Enabled Enables/disables the backup process. Use to temporarily disable the process, for example, when replacing the backup device.



Tip: to quickly enable/disable a process, flag the check box in the **En** column in the list.

What Data to be included in backup.

Metadata: the entire system configuration: database, Collector, Network Injector, Anonymizer, agent. This is the bare minimum required to restore the system in the event of disaster. All information required to collect agent information is contained in this type of backup.

Full: full backup of the system configuration and tapping data (operation and target). It may take a while to execute.

Operation: backup of the indicated operation, data included.

Target: backup of the indicated target, data included

- WhenBackup frequency.UTC: time zone.
- Name Name to be assigned to the backup.

Connector management

To manage connectors: • System section, Connectors

Function scope

This function lets you create connection rules with other installed RCS servers with specific licenses or third party software. The evidence received by RCS will be sorted according to these rules.



IMPORTANT: this function requires a user license.

NOTE: the function is only enabled if the user has **Connector management** authorization.

What the function looks like

This is what the page looks like:

1		Remote Control System Alerting	. 0	1
Accounting Operations Intelligence Dashb		2	litor	
Frontend Backend Backup Network Injectors	0	onnectors		
A 🗆 🗙 🛐				
New Connector Edit Delete				
En Name	Туре	Path	Keep	Destination
		Swordfish	true	z/RCS_evidence
Third party integration	JSON	Swordfish	true	lexportthirdparty
		4		
		4		
5				

- 1 RCS menu.
- 2 System menu.
- **3** Window toolbar. Descriptions are provided below:

Icon Description



Add a connection rule.



Edit the selected connection rule.



Delete the selected connection rule.

- 4 List of connection rules.
- 5 RCS status bar.

To learn more

For interface element descriptions See "Shared interface elements and actions" on page 90.

Significant connection rule data

Selected rule data is described below:

Field	Description
Path	Name of the operation or target evidence is sent to. If not specified, all operations and evidence will be sent to third party software.
Туре	 Evidence storage type: Local: evidence is sent to a local folder Remote: evidence is sent to RCS system.
Format	 Evidence format. JSON, XML for Local type RCS for Remote type
Saves evidence	If selected, a copy of the evidence is kept in the RCS database. CAUTION: if not selected, this evidence can no longer be viewed in RCS, nor can alerts be received.
Target	Local folder path where evidence is sent (i.e.: "C:\RCSevidence") or RCS server IP address.



NOTE: evidence can only be sent to an RCS server with a specific user license. The ID that will be linked to the sent evidence can be set in the system configuration file.

Managing the Network Injector

```
        To manage Network Inject-
ors:
        • System section, Network Injectors
```

Purpose

During installation, this function lets you create a new Network Injector "object" that creates the logical connection between the RCS Console and single hardware device.



NOTE: the function is only enabled if the user has **Network Injector management** authorization.

What you can do

With this function you can:

- create a new Network Injector
- update Appliance Control Center or Tactical Control Center software
- view logs and check Network Injector status

What the function looks like

This is what the page looks like:

				Control System	_	0
Accour	nting Operatio	ns Intelligence Dasi	hboard Alerting	System Audit Mon	itor 1	
Frontend	Backend	Backup Network Injector	rs Connectors 2			
A lew injector	Edit Delete	Tagade 3				Q
Network Injec	tor	4				
	Duplicate rule Ed	it Delete Apply rules	5			
dd a new rule Sy Pr	Duplicate rule Ed	it Delete Apply rules Ident	User pattern	Resource pattern	Action	Parameters
dd a new rule Sy Pr 100	Target	it Delete Apply-rules Ident TACTICAL	User pattern	".exe"	INJECT-EXE	•
dd a new rule Sy Pr	Target	it Delete Apply rules Ident	User pattern			
dd a new rule Sy Pr 100 100	Duplicate rule Ed Target *	t Dekte Applyrules	User pattern *	".exe"	INJECT-EXE	•
dd a new rule Sy Pr 100	Duplicate rule Ed Target *	It Delete Apply rules Ident TACTICAL TACTICAL	User pattern *	".exe" "www.youtube.com/watch"	INJECT-EXE INJECT-HTML-FLASH	*
dd a new rule Sy Pr 100 100	Duplicate rule Ed Target *	t Dekte Applyrules	User pattern *	".exe" "www.youtube.com/watch"	INJECT-EXE INJECT-HTML-FLASH	*
dd a new rule Sy Pr 100 100	Duplicate rule Ed Target *	t Dekte Applyrules	User pattern *	".exe" "www.youtube.com/watch"	INJECT-EXE INJECT-HTML-FLASH	*
dd a new rule Sy Pr 100 100	Duplicate rule Ed Target *	t Dekte Applyrules	User pattern *	".exe" "www.youtube.com/watch"	INJECT-EXE INJECT-HTML-FLASH	*
dd a new rule Sy Pr 100 100	Duplicate rule Ed Target *	t Dekte Applyrules	User pattern *	".exe" "www.youtube.com/watch"	INJECT-EXE INJECT-HTML-FLASH	*

Area Description

- 1 RCS menu.
- 2 System menu.
- 3 Network Injector toolbar. Descriptions are provided below:

Action Function

Add a new Network Injector



Edit Network Injector data and view logs.



Delete the selected Network Injector.

Update Appliance Control Center or Tactical Control Center software. If Network Injector is Appliance type, it will be automatically updated at the next synchronization provided an infection process is running. If, on the other hand, it is Tactical type, the operator will select whether or not the application is updated.*See* "*Network Injector Appliance update*" on page 65, "*Tactical Network Injector update*" on page 67

Area	Description
------	-------------

- 4 Network Injector list.
- 5 Injection rule toolbar.
- 6 List of selected Network Injector rules
- 7 RCS status bar. .

To learn more

For interface element descriptions *See* "*Shared interface elements and actions*" on page 90. To learn more about Network Injector Appliance installation *see* "*Network Injector Appliance installation*" on page 42

To learn more about Tactical Network Injector installation see "Tactical Network Injector installation" on page 49

To learn more on Network Injector data see "Network Injector data" below

Updating Network Injector control software

To update Network Injector:

Step Action

1

- Select the Network Injector
 - Click **Upgrade**: update data appears.
 - Click **OK**: RCS receives the request to send the update to Network Injector.



IMPORTANT: Network Injector only receives the software when it synchronizes with the RCS server.*See "Checking Network Injector status"* on page 55

Network Injector data

Network Injector data is described below:

Data	Description
Name	Network Injector name
Description	Free description.
Release	Software version.
	To view the software versions of all the components see "System monitoring (Monitor)" below .
Address	Device IP address.
Port	443. To view the ports to be opened for firewallsee "Ports to be opened on the firewall" on page 16
Monitor via Net- work Con- troller	If enabled, Network Controller acquires the Network Injector status every 30 seconds. If not enabled, Network Injector continues sniffing and injection operations, but the Network Controller does not check its status. Used when connections to Network Injector are down for any reason once installed at ISP, or for tactical use.
Log	Last messages logged.
	NOTE: Tactical Network Injector log updates depend on the frequency with which the operator enables synchronization.
	To view log file content see "System logs" on page 77.
	E: update the list.
	Contraction in the second seco

System monitoring (Monitor)

To monitor the system:

Monitor section

Purpose

This function lets you:

- monitor system status in both hardware and software terms
- delete elements to be monitored since uninstalled
- monitor license used compared to those purchased



Service call: Contact your HackingTeam Account Manager if additional licenses are required.

What the function looks like

This is what the page looks like:

Cetee Set System Nert Update Kerne 2					Q,		
pe	Name	Address	Last contact	Status	CPU Proc	CPU Host	Disk Free
	Satellite	127.0.0.1	2014-05-30 11:57:21	✓	70%	15%	20%
ł	Master	127.0.0.1	2014-05-30 11:57:21	¥	70%	15%	20%
P	Intelligence	172.20.20.1	2014-05-30 11:57:21	¥	90%	70%	70%
\$	Money	172.20.20.1	2014-05-30 11:57:21	✓ 3	90%	70%	70%
•	Οα	172.20.20.1	2014-05-30 11:57:21	✓	90%	70%	70%
Ŷ	Anonymizer	172.20.20.1	2014-05-30 11:57:21	✓	90%	70%	70%
Ŷ	Anonymizer	172.20.20.2	2014-05-30 11:57:21	¥	90%	70%	70%
Ŷ	Anonymizer	172.20.20.3	2014-05-30 11:57:21	✓	90%	70%	70%
Ŷ	Anonymizer	172.20.20.4	2014-05-30 11:57:21	✓	90%	70%	70%
Ŷ	Anonymizer	172.20.20.5	2014-05-30	¥	90%	70%	70%

Area Description

1 RCS menu.

Monitor: indicates the current number of system alarms triggered.

2 Window toolbar. Descriptions are provided below:

Icon Description



Deletes the component to be monitored.

3 List of RCS components and their status:

Alarm (generates an e-mail sent to the alerting group)

🔼 Warning

Component running

4 RCS status bar.

To learn more

For interface element descriptions *See* "*Shared interface elements and actions*" on page 90. For a description of the data in this window *see* "*System monitoring data (Monitor)*" below.

Deleting a component to be monitored

To delete an uninstalled component:

Step Action

- **1** Select the component.
- 2 Click **Delete**: RCS will no longer read the status of that component. Only subsequent installations of new components automatically updates the list.



NOTE: erroneously deleting a component that is still installed is not destructive. Component status will reappear the next time the page is refreshed.

System monitoring data (Monitor)

System component monitoring data

System monitoring data is described below:

Data	Description
Туре	Monitored component type and name.
Name	Some examples are provided below:
	Anonymizer
	Carrier
	Collector
	Batabase
	Network Controller
Address	Component's IP address.

Data	Description
Last con- tact	Last synchronization date-time.
Status	Component status at last synchronization:
	• Alarm: the component is not running, contact the alerting group for immediate service.
	A Warning: the component signals a risky situation, contact the system administrator for necessary checks.
	Component running.
CPU Proc	% CPU use by the single process.
CPU Host	% CPU use by server.
Free disk	% free disk space.

License monitoring data

License monitoring data is described below: For restricted licenses, the format is "x/y" where x is the amount of licenses currently used by the system and y the maximum amount of licenses.



CAUTION: if all the licenses are in use, any new agents will be put in queue until a license is freed or new ones purchased.

Data	Description
License type	Type of license currently in use for agents. reusable : an agent's license can be reused after it is uninstalled. oneshot : an agent's license is only valid for one installation.
	NOTE: the license can only be updated if the user has License modification authorization.
Users	Amount of users currently used by the system and maximum admitted quantity.
Agent	Amount of agents currently used by the system and maximum admitted quantity.
Desktop Mobile	Amount of desktop and mobile agents currently used by the system and maximum admitted quantities respectively.
Distributed servers	Amount of databases currently used by the system and maximum admitted quantity.

Data	Description
Collectors	Amount of Collectors currently used by the system and maximum admitted quantity.
Anonymizers	Amount of Anonymizers currently used by the system and maximum admitted quantity.

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