Hi there,

You mention Geofeedia - we <u>regularly pull permissions.</u> Once again, I'm sending across <u>our approach</u> in this regard:

If developers violate our policies, we will take <u>appropriate action</u>, which can include suspension and termination of access to Twitter's Public APIs and data products.

Our developer policies can be found <u>here</u>. Sending across the pertinent sections:

- A. Twitter Content, and information derived from Twitter Content, may not be used by, or knowingly displayed, distributed, or otherwise made available to:
 - 1. any public sector entity (or any entities providing services to such entities) for surveillance purposes, including but not limited to:
 - a. investigating or tracking Twitter's users or their Content; and,
 - b. tracking, alerting, or other monitoring of sensitive events (including but not limited to protests, rallies, or community organizing meetings);
 - any public sector entity (or any entities providing services to such entities) whose primary function or mission includes conducting surveillance or gathering intelligence;
 - any entity for the purposes of conducting or providing surveillance, analyses or research that isolates a group of individuals or any single individual for any unlawful or discriminatory purpose or in a manner that would be inconsistent with our users' reasonable expectations of privacy;
 - 4. any entity to target, segment, or profile individuals based on health (including pregnancy), negative financial status or condition, political affiliation or beliefs, racial or ethnic origin, religious or philosophical affiliation or beliefs, sex life or sexual orientation, trade union membership, data relating to any alleged or actual commission of a crime, or any other sensitive categories of personal information prohibited by law;
 - 5. any entity that you reasonably believe will use such data to violate the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (located at http://www.un.org/en/documents/udhr/), including without limitation Articles 12, 18, or 19.

If law enforcement personnel request information about Twitter or its users for the purposes of an ongoing investigation, you must refer them to Twitter's Guidelines for Law Enforcement located at https://t.co/le.

B. Additional Terms for Permitted Government Use. The Twitter API and Twitter Content are "commercial items" as that term is defined at 48 C.F.R. 2.101, consisting of "commercial computer software" and "commercial computer software documentation" as such terms are used in 48 C.F.R. 12.212. Any use, modification, derivative, reproduction, release, performance, display, disclosure or distribution of the Twitter API or Twitter Content by any government entity is prohibited, except as expressly permitted by the terms of this Agreement. Additionally, any use by U.S. government entities must be in accordance with 48 C.F.R. 12.212 and 48 C.F.R. 227.7202-1 through 227.7202-4. If you use the Twitter API or Twitter Content in your official capacity as an employee or representative of a U.S., state or local government entity and you are legally unable to accept the indemnity, jurisdiction, venue or other clauses herein, then those clauses do not apply to such entity, but only to the extent as required by

applicable law. For the purpose of this provision, contractor/manufacturer is Twitter, Inc., 1355 Market Street, Suite 900, San Francisco, California 94103.

With regards to the point made about Dutch law enforcement entities, as I said, we publish this data twice yearly in our Transparency Report. You can see the latest numbers for the Netherlands here.

Thanks,

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